





## **XWATT ENERGY PRIVATE LIMITED**

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**XW**  
**2.0 kW / 3.3 kW / 4.0 kW**

## **User Manual**

[www.xwatt.in](http://www.xwatt.in)

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\* Warranty registration form

1.1 Scope of Validity

1 Notes on this Manual  
This manual is an integral part of XW Series. It describes the assembly, installation, commissioning, maintenance and failure of the product. Please read it carefully before operating.

|         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|
| XW-2.0K | XW-3.3K | XW-4.0K |
|---------|---------|---------|

Note: “**XW**” means XW series;  
“**3.3**” means 3.3 kW, so as 2.0 and 4.0.  
Keep this manual at where is accessible all the time.

1.2 Target Group  
This manual is for qualified electricians. The tasks described in this manual can only be performed by qualified electricians.

1.3 Symbols Used  
The following types of safety instructions and general information appear in this document as described below:



DANGER!  
“Danger” indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.



WARNING!  
“Warning” indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.



CAUTION!  
“Caution” indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury.

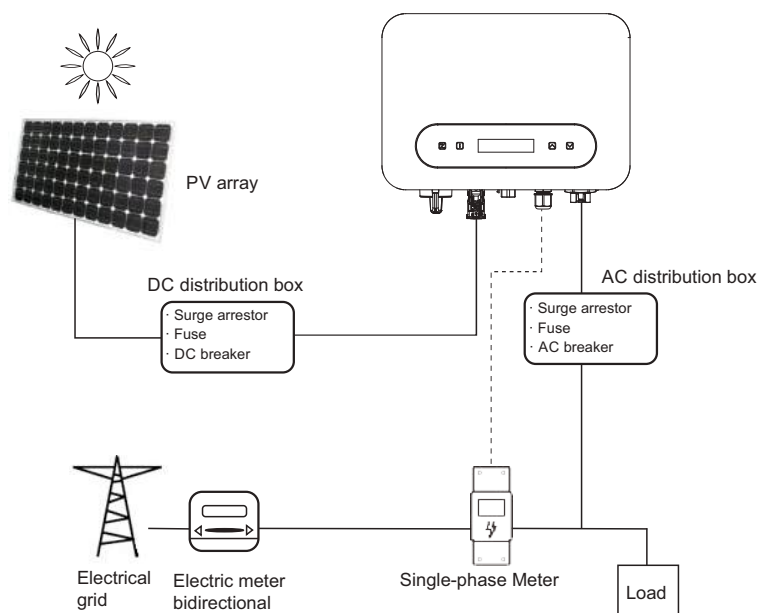


NOTE!  
“Note” provides tips that are valuable for the optimal operation of your product.

## 2 Safety

### 2.1 Appropriate Usage

This series inverter are PV inverters which can convert the DC current of the PV generator into AC current and feed it into the public grid.



Lightning will cause a damage either from a direct strike or from surges due to a nearby strike.

Induced surges are the most likely cause of lightning damage in most situations or installations, especially in rural areas where electricity is usually provided by long overhead lines. Surge may be included on both the PV array conduction and the AC cables leading to the building.

Specialists in lightning protection should be consulted during the end use application. Using appropriate external lightning protection, the effect of a direct lightning strike into a building can be mitigated in a controlled way, and the lightning current can be discharged into the ground.

All DC cables should be installed to as short as possible, and positive and negative cables of the string or main DC supply should be bundled together. Avoid creating loops in the system. This requirement for short runs and bundling includes any associated earth bundling conductors.

Spark gap devices are not suitable to be used in DC circuits once conducting, they won't stop conducting until the voltage passes through their terminals typically less than 30 volts.

#### ➤ Anti-Islanding Effect

Islanding effect is a special phenomenon that grid-connected PV system still supply power to the nearby grid when the voltage loss is happened in the power system. It is dangerous for maintenance personnel and the public.

This series inverter provides Active Frequency Drift (AFD) to prevent islanding effect.

## 2.2 Important Safety Instructions



### DANGER!

- Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter!
- All work must be carried out by qualified electrician.
- The appliance is not to be used by children or persons with reduced physical sensory or mental capabilities, or lack of experience and knowledge, unless they have been given supervision or instruction.
- Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.



### CAUTION!

Danger of burn injuries due to hot enclosure parts!

- During operation, the upper lid of the enclosure and the enclosure body may become hot.
- Only qualified electrician can touch the lower enclosure lid during operation.



### CAUTION!

Possible damage to health as a result of the effects of radiation!

Pregnant women and children should not stay close to the inverter.



### NOTE!

Grounding the PV generator!

Comply with the local requirements for grounding the PV modules and the PV generator. We recommend connecting the generator frame and other electrically conductive surfaces in a manner which ensures continuous conduction and ground these in order to have optimal protection of system and persons.



### WARNING!

- Ensure input DC voltage  $\leq$  Max. DC voltage. Over voltage may cause permanent damage to inverter or other losses, which will not be included in warranty!



### WARNING!

Risk of electric shock!



### WARNING!

- Authorized service personnel must disconnect both AC and DC power from the inverter before attempting any maintenance or cleaning or working on any circuits connected to the inverter.

- Prior to the application, please read this section carefully to ensure correct and safe application. Please keep the user manual properly.
- Use only recommended attachments. Otherwise may result in a risk of fire, electric shock, or injury to person.
- Make sure that existing wiring is in good condition and that wire is not undersized.
- Do not disassemble any parts of inverter which are not mentioned in installation guide. It contains no user-serviceable parts. See Warranty for instructions on obtaining service. Attempting to service the inverter yourself may result in a risk of electric shock or fire and will void your warranty.
- Keep away from flammable, explosive materials to avoid fire disaster.
- The installation place should be away from humid or corrosive substance.
- Authorized service personnel must use insulated tools when installing or working with this equipment.
- PV modules shall have an IEC 61730 class A rating.
- Avoid touching the PV connecting device in case of electric shock.
- After the MAINS and PV supply has been disconnected, the capacitor of the unit still contains hazardous voltage for up to 5 minutes, please don't touch during this period.
- Hazardous voltage will present for up to 5 minutes after disconnection from power supply.
- CAUTION-RISK of electric shock from energy stored in capacitor. Never operate on the solar inverter couplers, the MAINS cables, PV cables or the PV generator when power is applied. After switching off the PV and Mains, always wait for 5 minutes to let the intermediate circuit capacitors discharge before you unplug DC and MAINS couplers.
- When accessing the internal circuit of solar inverter, it is very important to wait 5 minutes before operating the power circuit or demounting the electrolyte capacitors inside the device. Do not open the device beforehand since the capacitors require time to sufficiently discharge!
- Measure the voltage between terminals UDC+ and UDC- with a multi-meter (impedance at least 1 Mohm) to ensure that the device has totally discharged.

- 2.3 PE Connection and Leakage Current
- The inverter incorporates a certified internal Residual Current Device (RCD) in order to protect against possible electrocution and fire hazard in case of a malfunction in the cables or the inverter. There are two trip thresholds for the RCD as required for certification (IEC 62109-2: 2011). The default value for electrocution protection is 30 mA, and for slow rising current is 300 mA.
- If an external RCD is required by local regulations, check which type of RCD is required for relevant electric code. It recommends using a type-A RCD. The recommended RCD values is 300 mA unless a lower value is required by the specific local electric codes.

The device is intended to connect to a PV generator with a capacitance limit of approx 700 nF.



#### WARNING!

- High leakage current!
- Earth connection is essential before connecting power supply.

## 2.4 Explanation of Symbols

### • Symbols on the Inverter

This section gives an explanation of all the symbols shown on the inverter and on the type label.

| Symbol | Explanation                                                               |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|        | When the blue light is on, it indicates the inverter is working normally. |
|        | When the red light is on, it indicates an error has occurred.             |

### • Symbols on the Type Label

| Symbol | Explanation                                                                                                                                                                 |
|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|        | CE mark.<br>The inverter complies with the requirements of the applicable CE guidelines.                                                                                    |
|        | Beware of hot surface.<br>The inverter can become hot during operation. Avoid contact during operation.                                                                     |
|        | Danger of high voltages.<br>Danger to life due to high voltages in the inverter!                                                                                            |
|        | Danger.<br>Risk of electric shock!                                                                                                                                          |
|        | Observe enclosed documentation.                                                                                                                                             |
|        | The inverter can not be disposed together with the household waste. Disposal information can be found in the enclosed documentation.                                        |
|        | Do not operate this inverter until it is isolated from mains and on-site PV generation suppliers.                                                                           |
|        | Danger to life due to high voltage.<br>There is residual voltage in the inverter which needs 5 min to discharge.<br>Wait 5 min before you open the upper lid or the DC lid. |

## 2.4 CE Directives

This section describes the requirements of the European low voltage regulations, including safety instructions and system licensing conditions, the user must comply with these regulations when installing, operating, and maintaining the inverter, otherwise personal injury or death may occur, and the inverter will be damaged.

Please read the manual carefully when operating the inverter. If you do not understand "Danger", "Warning", "Caution" and the description in the manual, please contact the manufacturer or service agent before installing and operating the inverter.

Make sure that the whole system complies with the requirements of EC (2014/35/EU, 2014/30/EU, etc.) before starting the module (i.e. to start the operation).

Standard of 2014/35/EU (LVD)  
EN IEC 62109-1; EN IEC 62109-2  
EN 62477-1

Standard of 2014/30/EU (EMC)  
EN IEC 61000-6-1; EN IEC 61000-6-2;  
EN IEC 61000-6-3; EN IEC 61000-6-4;  
EN IEC 61000-3-2; EN 61000-3-3;  
EN IEC 61000-3-11; EN 61000-3-12  
EN 55011

The assembly shall be installed in accordance with the statutory wiring rules. Install and configure the system in accordance with safety rules, including the use of specified wiring methods. The installation of the system can only be done by professional assemblers who are familiar with safety requirements and EMC. The assembler shall ensure that the system complies with the relevant national laws. The individual subassembly of the system shall be interconnected by means of the wiring methods outlined in national/international such as the national electric code (NFPA) No. 70 or VDE regulation 4105.

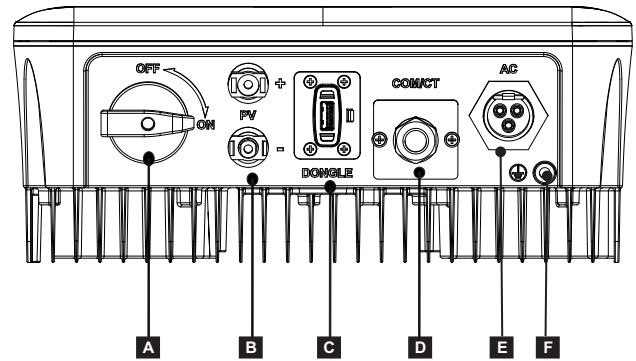
## 3 Introduction

### 3.1 Basic Features

Thanks for purchasing our inverter. The inverter incorporates advanced technology, high reliability, and convenient control features.

- Advanced DSP control technology.
- Utilize the latest high-efficiency power component.
- Optimal MPPT technology.
- One MPP Tracking.
- Wide MPPT input range.
- Advanced anti-islanding solutions.
- Class I protection level.
- Max. efficiency up to 98%. EU efficiency up to 96.5%.
- THD<3%.

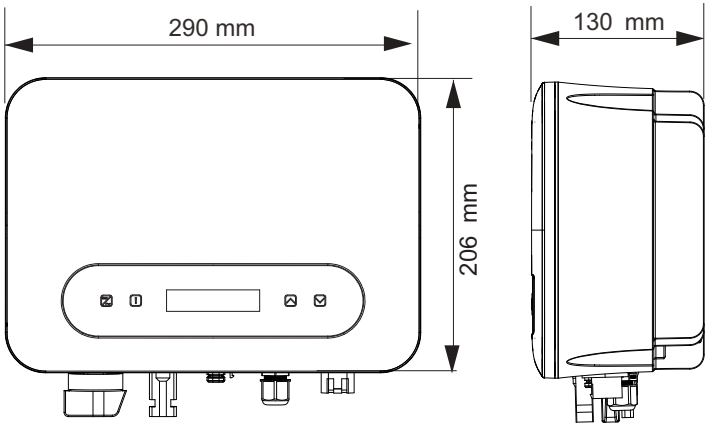
3.2 Terminals of the Inverter



| Object | Description          |
|--------|----------------------|
| A      | DC switch (optional) |
| B      | DC input terminal    |
| C      | Dongle               |
| D      | COM/CT               |
| E      | AC output terminal   |
| F      | Ground terminal      |

Note:  
CT and meter is optional. If necessary, please consult us in detail.

3.3 Dimension



## 4. Technical Data

### 4.1 DC Input

| Model                                                     | XW-2.0K | XW-3.3K | XW-4.0K |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Max. PV array input power [Wp]                            | 4000    | 6600    | 8000    |
| Max. PV voltage [d.c.V]                                   | 450     | 550     | 550     |
| Startup voltage [d.c.V]                                   | 50      | 50      | 50      |
| Nominal input voltage [d.c.V]                             | 360     | 360     | 360     |
| MPPT voltage range [d.c.V]                                | 40-450  | 40-550  | 40-550  |
| No. of MPP trackers/Strings per MPP tracker               | 1       |         |         |
| Max. PV current [d.c.A]                                   | 20      |         |         |
| I <sub>sc</sub> PV array Short Circuit SC Current [d.c.A] | 25      |         |         |
| Max. inverter backfeed current to the array [d.c.A]       | 0       |         |         |

### 4.2 AC Output

| Model                                         | XW-2.0K               | XW-3.3K | XW-4.0K |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------|
| Rated output apparent power [VA]              | 2000                  | 3300    | 4000    |
| Nominal AC output current [a.c.A]             | 8.7                   | 14.4    | 17.4    |
| Max. output apparent power [VA]               | 2200                  | 3300    | 4400    |
| Max. output continuous current [a.c.A]        | 10.0                  | 15.0    | 20.0    |
| Nominal AC voltage [a.c.V]/ Grid range        | 220/230/240; 90-290   |         |         |
| Nominal grid frequency [Hz]                   | 50/60; ±5             |         |         |
| Displacement power factor                     | 0.8leading~0.8lagging |         |         |
| ITHDi (rated power) [%]                       | <3                    |         |         |
| Current (Inrush) [a.c.A]                      | 50                    |         |         |
| Maximum output fault current [a.c.A]          | 58 (15 ms)            |         |         |
| Maximum output overcurrent protection [a.c.A] | 35                    |         |         |

### 4.3 System Data, Protection and Standard

| Model                                    | XW-2.0K                                      | XW-3.3K | XW-4.0K |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Max. efficiency [%]                      | 98                                           | 98      | 98      |
| Euro. efficiency [%]                     | 97.0                                         | 97.0    | 97.0    |
| Standby consumption [W] @Night           | <1                                           |         |         |
| Ingress protection                       | IP66                                         |         |         |
| Protective class                         | I                                            |         |         |
| Overvoltage category                     | II (DC), III (AC)                            |         |         |
| Operating ambient temperature range [°C] | -25~60                                       |         |         |
| Max. operation altitude [m]              | <4000                                        |         |         |
| Humidity [%]                             | 0~100                                        |         |         |
| Typical noise emission [dB]              | 25                                           |         |         |
| Storage temperature [°C]                 | -30~70                                       |         |         |
| Dimensions(W×H×D) [mm]                   | 290x206x130                                  |         |         |
| Weight [kg]                              | 5.5                                          | 5.5     | 5.6     |
| Cooling concept                          | Nature cooling                               |         |         |
| Communication interfaces                 | RS485/DRM/USB/Heat Pump. Optional: CT/Meter; |         |         |
| Optional monitoring dongle               | Pocket Wifi/LAN/4G                           |         |         |
| Over/under voltage protection            | YES                                          |         |         |
| DC isolation protection                  | YES                                          |         |         |
| Monitoring ground fault protection       | YES                                          |         |         |
| Grid monitoring                          | YES                                          |         |         |
| DC injection monitoring                  | YES                                          |         |         |
| Back feed current monitoring             | YES                                          |         |         |
| Residual current detection               | YES                                          |         |         |
| Anti-islanding protection                | YES                                          |         |         |
| Over temperature protection              | YES                                          |         |         |
| SPD (PV/AC)                              | Type II (Optional)                           |         |         |
| AFCI                                     | Optional                                     |         |         |
| Inverter typology                        | Non-isolated                                 |         |         |
| Active anti-islanding method             | Frequency shift                              |         |         |

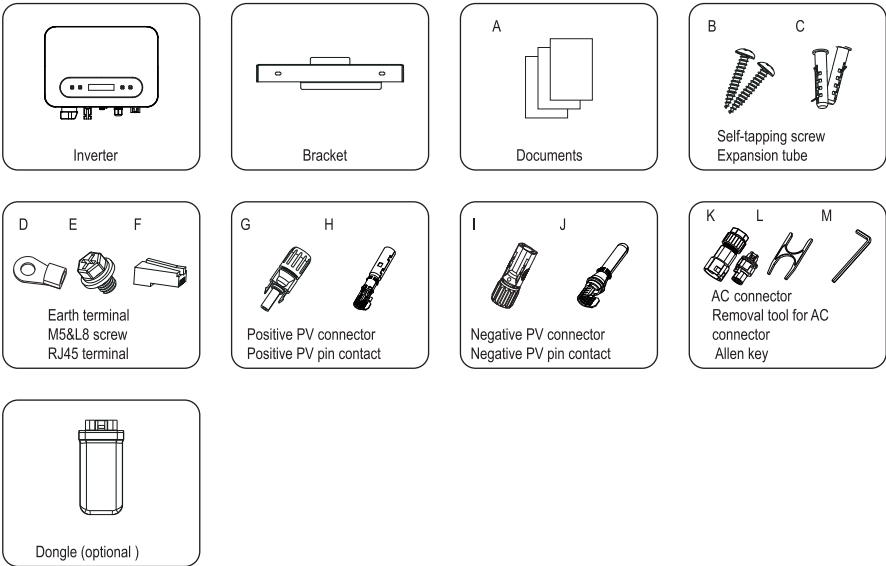
5. Installation

5.1 Check for Transport Damage

Make sure the inverter is intact during transportation. If there are some visible damages, such as cracks, please contact your dealer immediately.

5.2 Packing Lists

Open the package and fetch out the product, check the accessories at first. The packing list is shown as below.



\*Refer to the actual delivery for the optional accessories.

| Item No. | Items                   | Quantity |
|----------|-------------------------|----------|
| /        | Inverter                | 1 pc     |
| /        | Bracket                 | 1 pc     |
| A        | Documents               | /        |
| B        | Self-tapping screw      | 2 pc     |
| C        | Expansion tube          | 2 pc     |
| D        | Earth terminal          | 1 pc     |
| E        | M5&L8 screw             | 1 pc     |
| F        | RJ45 terminal           | 1 pc     |
| G        | Positive PV connector   | 1 pc     |
| H        | Positive PV pin contact | 1 pc     |
| I        | Negative PV connector   | 1 pc     |

| Item No. | Items                         | Quantity |
|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
| J        | Negative PV pin contact       | 1 pc     |
| K        | AC connector                  | 1 pc     |
| L        | Removal tool for AC connector | 1 pc     |
| M        | Allen key                     | 1 pc     |
| /        | Dongle (optional)             | 1 pc     |

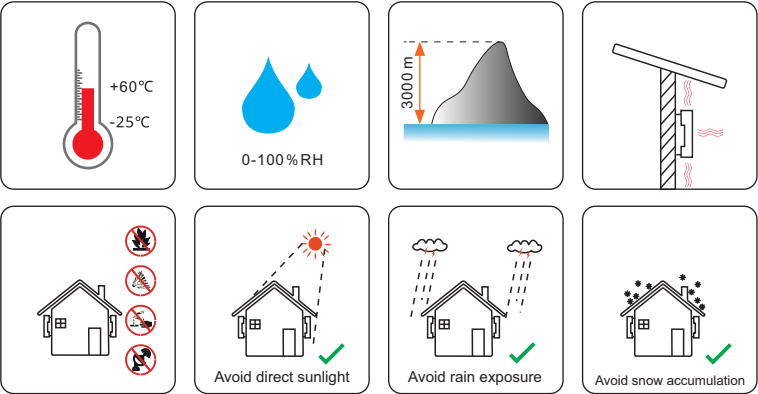


**NOTE!**  
Refer to the actual delivery for the optional accessories.

5.3 Installation Precaution

Make sure the installation environment meets the following conditions:

- The ambient temperature: -25°C to +60°C.
- The relative humidity shall be between 0-100%RH.
- Do not install the inverter in the areas where the altitude exceeds 3000 m.
- Install the inverter in a well-ventilated environment for heat dissipation. It is recommended to install an awning over the inverter if it is installed on a support outdoor.
- Do not install the inverter in areas with flammable, explosive and corrosive materials or near antennas.
- Avoid direct sunlight, rain exposure and snow accumulation.



## Available Space Size

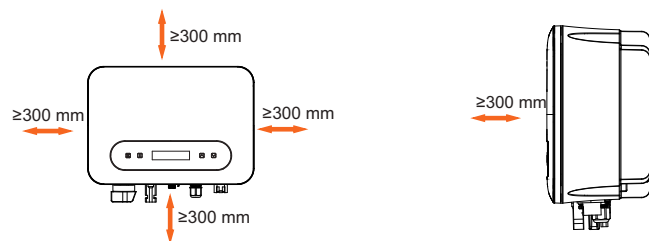


Table2 Available Space Size

| Position | Min.size |
|----------|----------|
| Left     | 300 mm   |
| Right    | 300 mm   |
| Top      | 300 mm   |
| Bottom   | 300 mm   |
| Front    | 300 mm   |

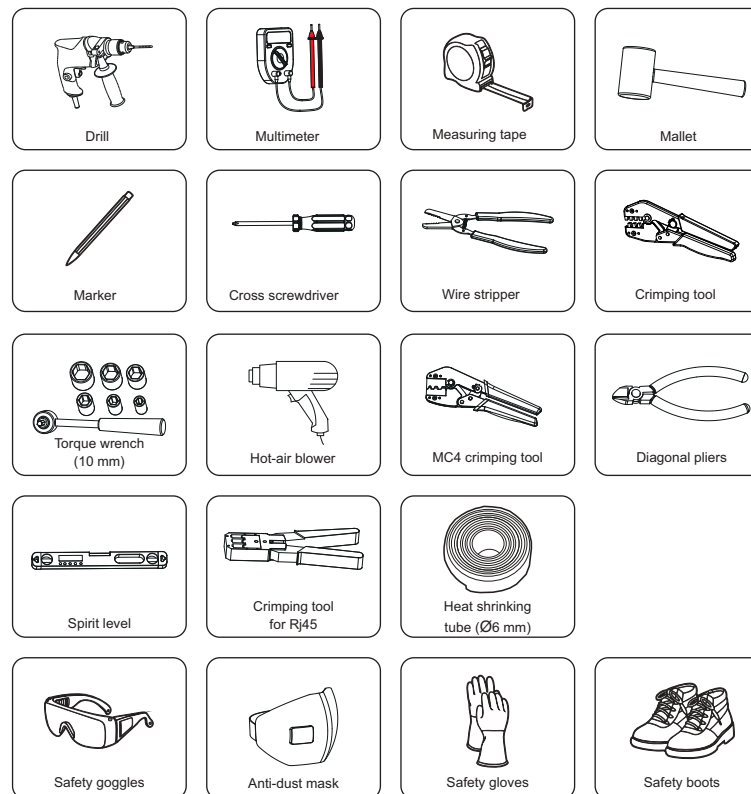


**NOTE!**  
Avoid installing in the confined space!

## 5.4 Installation Steps

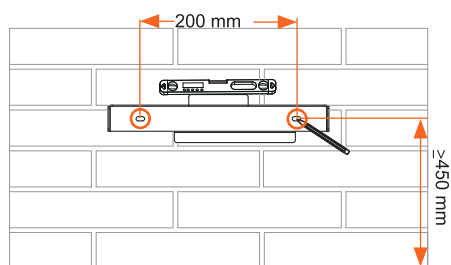
## ➤ Preparation

Tools below are needed before installation.

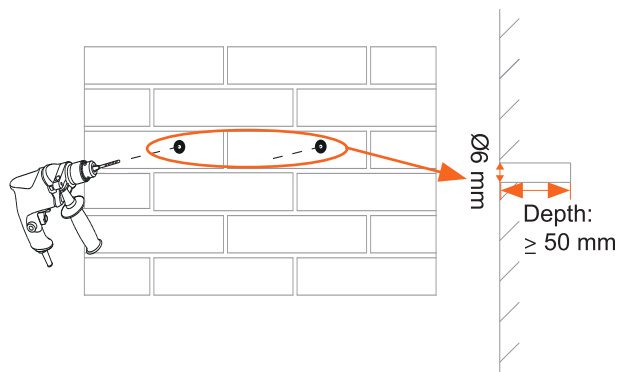


## ➤ Step 1: Screw the wall bracket on the wall

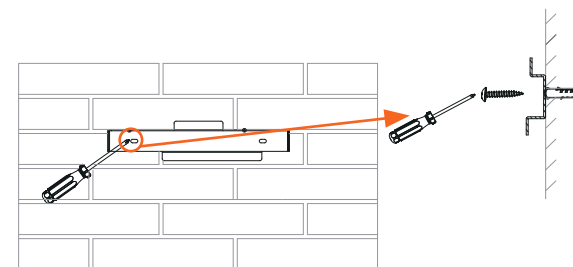
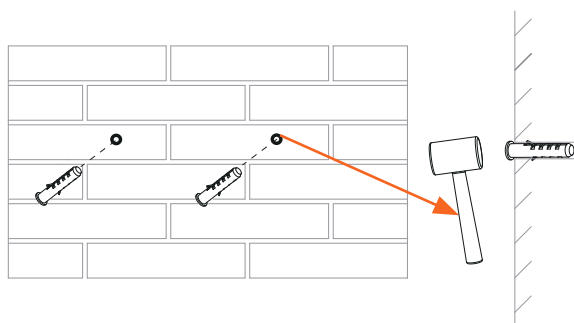
- a) Use the wall bracket as a template to mark the position of the 2 holes on the wall.



b) Drill holes with the drill (hole diameter: 6mm), make sure the holes are deep enough (at least 50 mm) for installation.



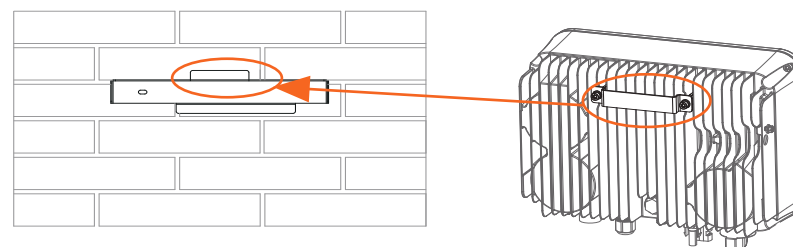
c) Insert the expansion tubes (part B) in the holes using the mallet, place the wall bracket and use self-tapping screws (part A) to tighten the bracket.



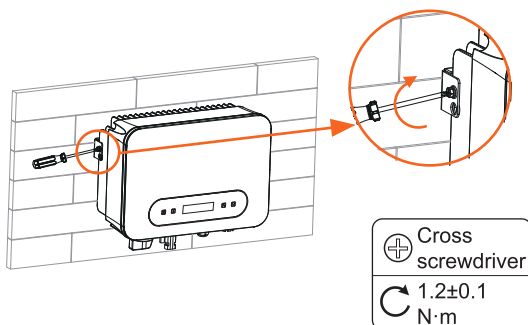
⊕ Cross  
screwdriver

➤ Step 2: Match the inverter with wall bracket

d) Hang the inverter over the bracket, move the inverter close to it, slightly lay down the inverter, and make sure the mounting bar on the back are fixed well with the groove on the bracket.



e) Screw down the M5\*L8 (part D) screw on the left side of the inverter.



## 5.5 Connections of the Inverter

### 5.5.1 The Main Steps to Connect to the Inverter

#### ➤ PV String Connection

The inverter has one-string PV connector. Please select PV modules with excellent function and reliable quality. Open circuit voltage of module array connected should be < Max. DC (table as follows) input voltage, and operating voltage should be within the MPPT voltage range.

Table3 Max. DC Voltage Limitation

| Model              | XW-2.0K | XW-3.3K / XW-4.0K |
|--------------------|---------|-------------------|
| Max.DC Voltage (V) | 450     | 550               |



#### DANGER!

Danger to life due to high voltages on DC conductors.

- When exposed to sunlight, the PV array generates dangerous DC voltage which is present in the DC conductors. Touching the DC conductors can lead to lethal electric shocks.
- Cover the PV modules.
- Do not touch the DC conductors.



#### WARNING!

PV module voltage is very high which belongs to dangerous voltage range, please comply with the electric safety rules when connecting.



#### WARNING!

Please do not ground the PV positive or negative!



Please follow the requirements of PV modules as below:

- Same type; Same quantity; Identical alignment; Identical tilt.
- In order to save cable and reduce the DC loss, we suggest installing the inverter near PV modules.

Table 4 Cable and Micro-breaker recommended

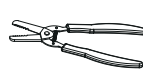
| Model         | XW-2.0K               | XW-3.3K               | XW-4.0K             |
|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|
| L,N cable     | 2.5-6 mm <sup>2</sup> | 2.5-6 mm <sup>2</sup> | 3-6 mm <sup>2</sup> |
| PE cable      | 2.5-6 mm <sup>2</sup> | 2.5-6 mm <sup>2</sup> | 3-6 mm <sup>2</sup> |
| Micro-breaker | 16 A                  | 20 A                  | 25 A                |

\*Copper cable is recommended, if you use aluminum cable, please consult the inverter manufacturer.

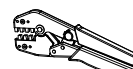
\*The parameter varies because of different environment and material. The cross-sectional area of PE line should be the same as that of L/N line. Please choose appropriate cable and micro-breaker according to the local laws and regulations.

#### • Connection Steps

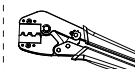
Tools below are needed before connection.



Wire stripper



Crimping tool



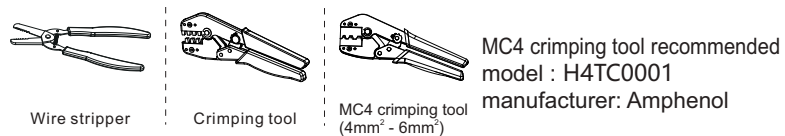
MC4 crimping tool  
(4mm<sup>2</sup> - 6mm<sup>2</sup>)

MC4 crimping tool recommended  
model : H4TC0001  
manufacturer: Amphenol

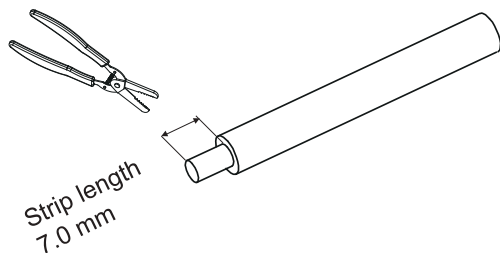
- Turn off the DC switch, then choose 4mm<sup>2</sup> wire to connect the PV module.
- Strip 7mm of insulation from the wire end by using the wire stripper crimping tool.

### • Connection Steps

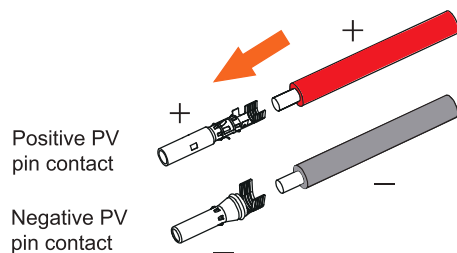
Tools below are needed before connection.



- Turn off the DC switch, then choose 4mm<sup>2</sup> wire to connect the PV module.
- Strip 7mm of insulation from the wire end by using the wire stripper crimping tool.

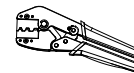


- Insert striped wire into pin contact (part G and I) and ensure all conductor strands are captured in the pin contact.

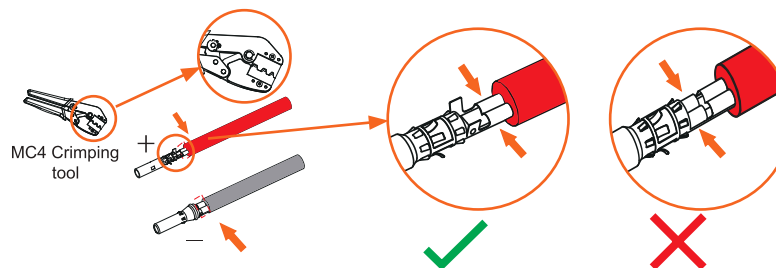


- Crimp pin contact by using the MC4 crimping tool.

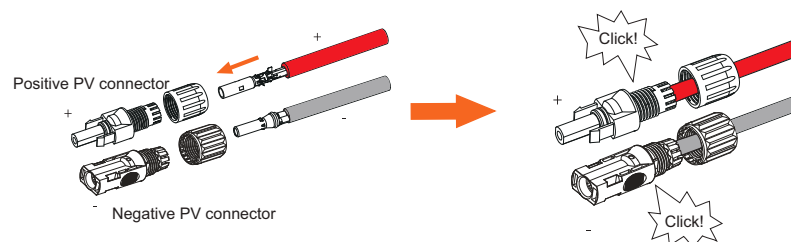
MC4 crimping tool (4mm<sup>2</sup> - 6mm<sup>2</sup>)



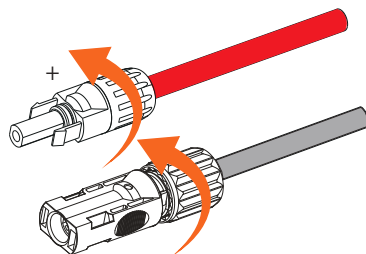
(recommended model: H4TC0001, manufacturer: Amphenol)



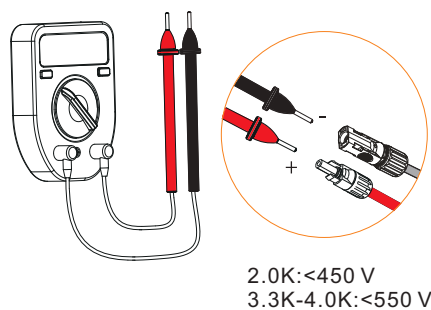
- Separate the DC connector (part F and H) as two parts: the plug and the cable nut. Insert the wire into plug forcibly, when a "click" is heard or felt, the pin contact assembly is seated correctly.



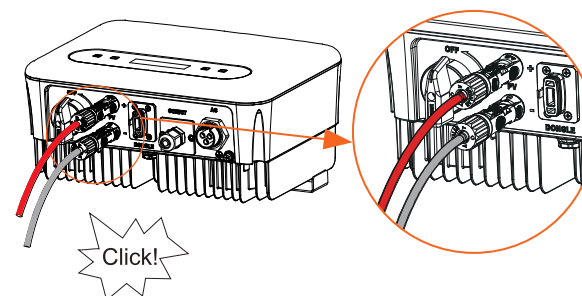
f) Then screw down the cable nut.



g) Use a multimeter to measure the open circuit voltage of the positive pole and negative pole of the PV cable, and make sure the open circuit voltage less than the permissive max input voltage (otherwise the machine may be damaged);



h) Insert the completed PV terminals according to the positive and negative correspondence.



**NOTE!**  
Keep the DC switch of the inverter OFF during connection.

### ➤ Grid Connection

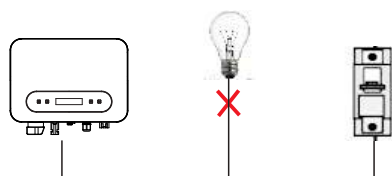
The inverter is designed for single phase grid. Voltage range is 220/ 230/ 240 V, frequency is 50/ 60 Hz. Other technical requests should comply with the requirement of the local public grid.



#### NOTE!

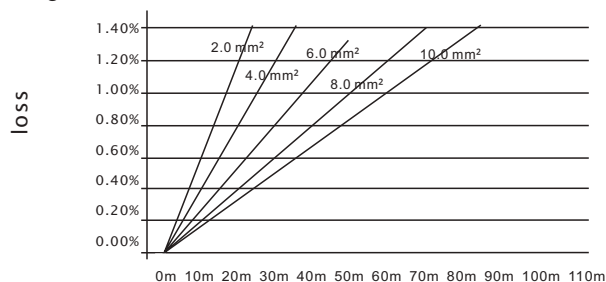
Inverters have not been tested to AS/NZS 4777.2:2020 for multiple inverter combinations

Micro-breaker should be installed between inverter and grid, any loads should not be connected with inverter directly.



**Incorrect Connection between Load and Inverter**

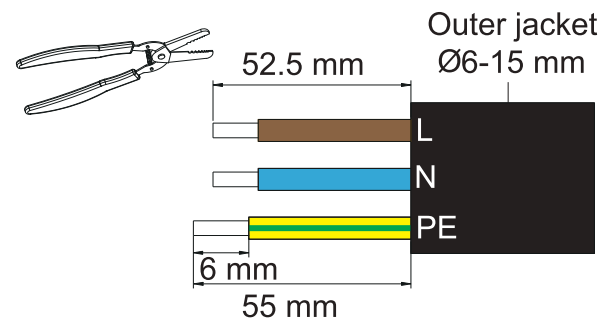
Impedance of the Inverter AC connecting dot should be less than  $2\ \Omega$ . To ensure reliable anti-islanding function, PV cable should be used to ensure wire loss  $< 1\%$  than normal power. Moreover, length between AC side and grid connecting dot should be less than 150 m. The following chart is the cable length, section area and wire loss.



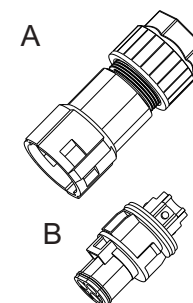
This product has a professional IP67 AC waterproof connector (after connection). You have to wire AC by yourself. Please see the figure above.

### • Connection Steps

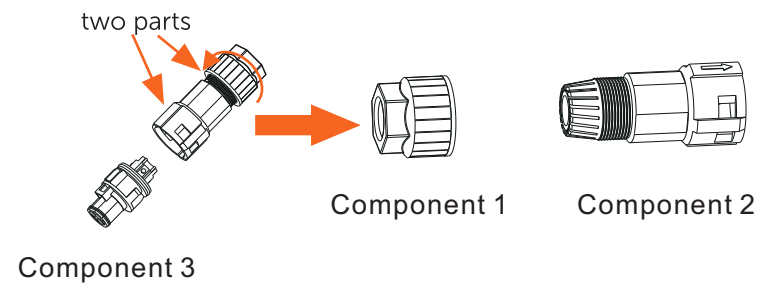
- Check the grid voltage and compare with the permissive voltage range (refer to technical data).
- Disconnect the circuit-breaker from all the phases and secure against re-connection.
- Strip the wires:
  - Strip L and N wires to 52.5mm and the PE wire to 55mm.
  - Use the crimping pliers to strip 6mm of insulation from all wire ends as below.



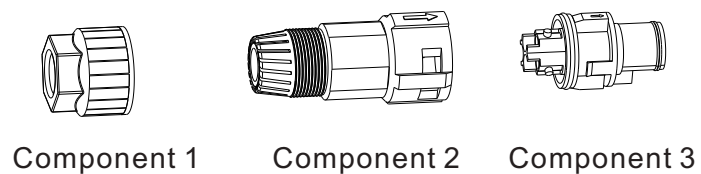
- The AC connector (part J) provided in the packing list includes 2 parts (A and B).



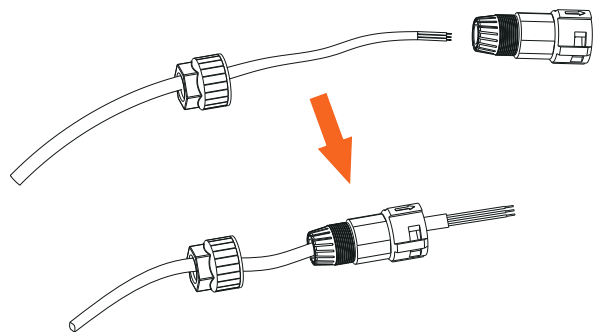
- Separate A into 2 components.



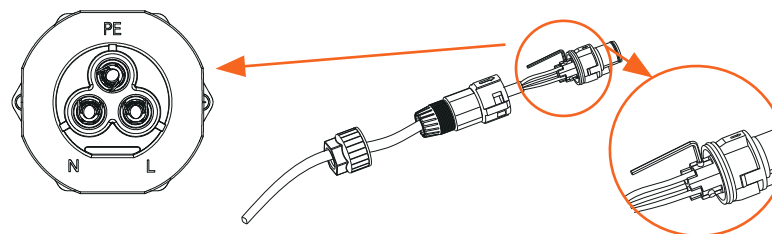
- Then the AC connector is finally classified into 3 components for use (as shown below).



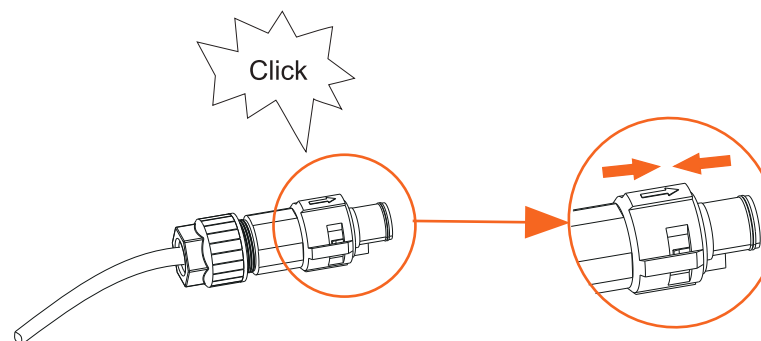
- e) Slide the component 1 and component 2 onto the cable.



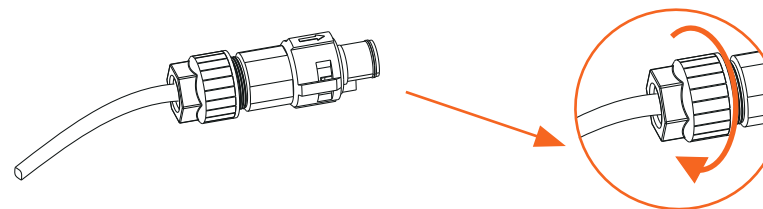
- f) Insert the stripped end of each three wires into the appropriate hole in the component 3, and then tight each screw (to tight each wire in place). (Allen key (part L). Torque:  $0.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ )



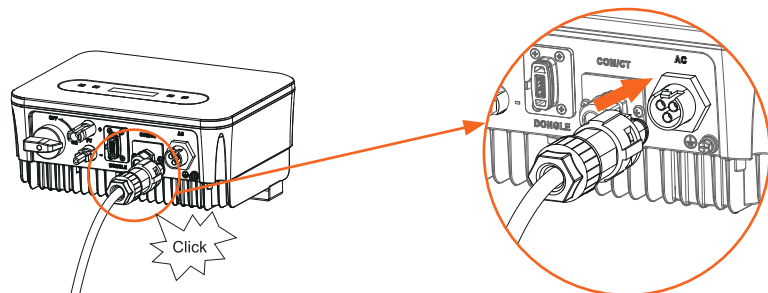
- g) Insert component 3 into component 2.



- h) Screw down the component 1 tightly. (torque:  $3 \pm 0.3 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}$ )

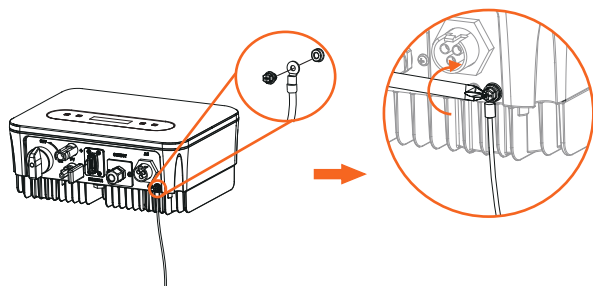


I) Connect the AC plug to the inverter.



### ➤ Earth Connection

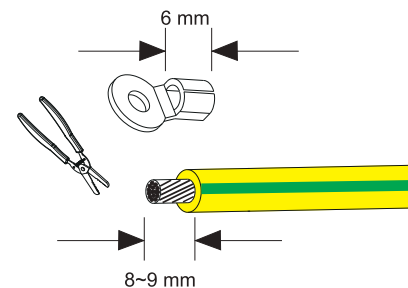
Screw the ground screw with cross screwdriver shown as follow.  
(torque:  $1.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ N.m}$ )



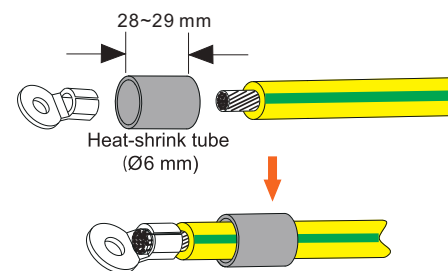
**WARNING!**  
Be sure the ground wire must be connected!

### Connection steps:

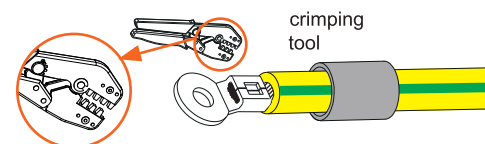
1) Use a crimping tool to strip the terminal (part C) from the PE cable.



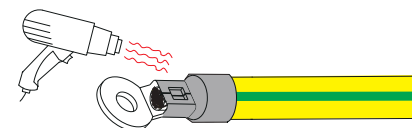
2) Slide the heat-shrink tubing (UI224 125°C VW-1 600V) over the PE cable. Insert the PE cable into the terminal.



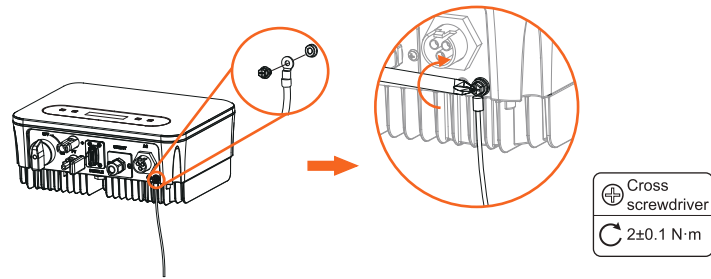
4) Use a crimping tool to squish the terminal.



5) Use a hot-air blower to blow the heat-shrink tubing.



6) Connect the PE line with inverter.



**5.5.2 Communication interface**

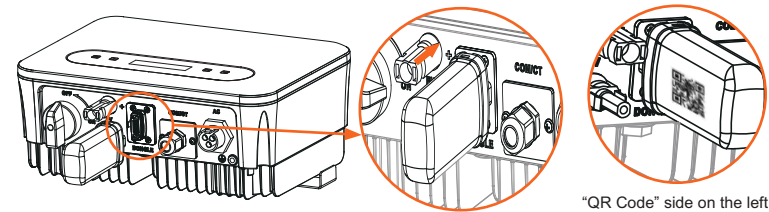
This product has a series of communication interfaces: such as WiFi, COM/CT, and USB for upgrading for human and machine communication. Operating information like output voltage, current, frequency, faulty information, etc., can be delivered to PC or other monitoring equipment via these interfaces.

**① DONGLE Port**

This inverter provides a DONGLE port which can collect information from inverter including status, performance and updating information to monitoring website via connecting Wi-Fi dongle (optional, purchase the product from supplier if needed)

Connection steps:

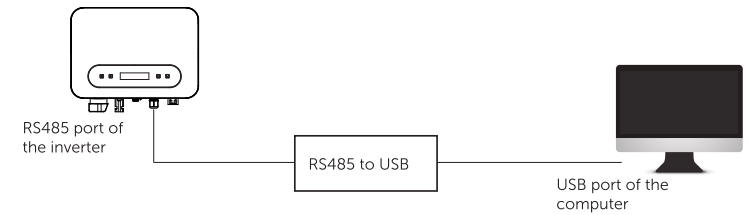
1. Plug the WiFi Dongle (optional) into “DONGLE” port at the bottom of inverter.
2. Connect the WiFi with router.
3. Download the corresponding APP for setting up the monitoring.
4. Follow the steps to create a new account, set up internet connections and check the inverter status.



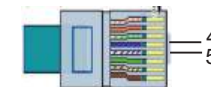
**② COM/CT Port**

RS485 is one standard communication interface which can transmit the real-time data from inverter to PC or other monitoring equipment.

a. RS485 connection



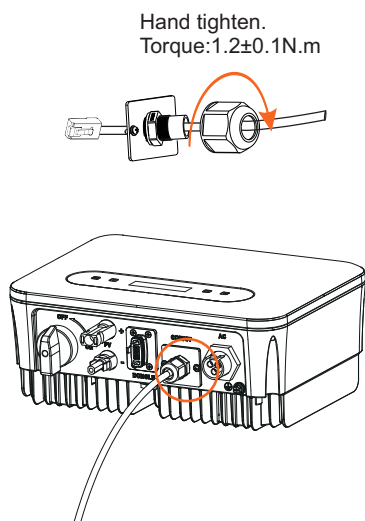
The PIN definition of RS485 interface is shown as below.



| PIN        | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4     | 5     | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|------------|---|---|---|-------|-------|---|---|---|
| Definition | X | X | X | 485_A | 485_B | X | X | X |

### ➤ RS485 Connection Steps:

- 1) Firstly unscrew the screw from the COM/CT port. (PH1 cross screwdriver. Torque:  $1.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ N.m}$ )
- 2) Prepare a communication cable and strip the insulation from it.
- 3) Let the communication cable pass through the waterproof connector, then insert it into the connector following the PIN definition rule.



- 4) Crimp the RJ45 (part E) with the crimping plier.
- 5) Insert the cable into the COM/CT port of the inverter, screw down the screw on the port and tighten the waterproof connector.

### Parallel connection

The series inverter provides the parallel connection function, which could support several inverters to parallel in one system and can control zero injection to the grid with a meter installed in the main circuit.

The parallel system can be achieved with Modbus Function or with Datahub. Please refer to the following diagrams.

Diagram A: Parallel system with Modbus Function

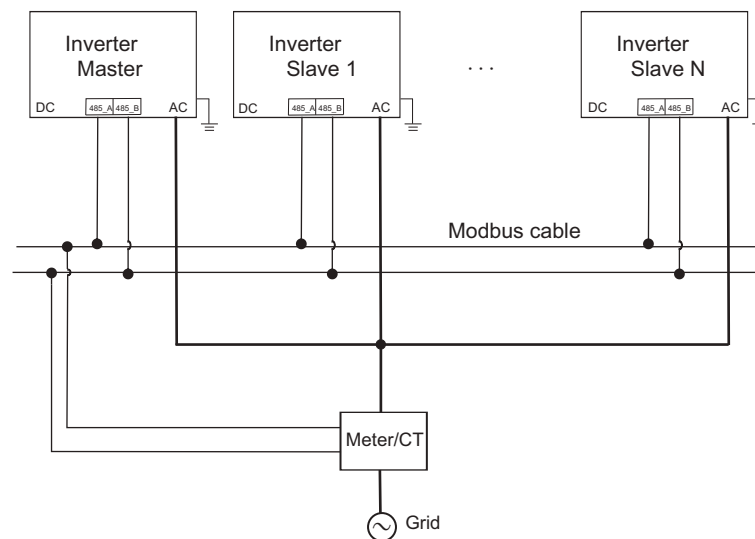
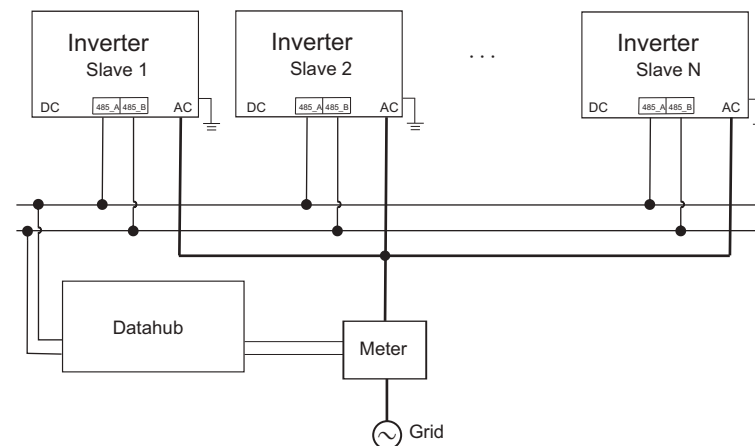


Diagram B: Parallel system with Datahub



**NOTE!**

Before operation, please make sure that the inverters meet the following condition:

1. All the inverters shall be the same series;
  2. The firmware version of all inverters shall be the same.
- Otherwise, the parallel function cannot be used.

➤ Parallel system with Modbus Function

In this parallel system, at most 5 inverters can be connected. One inverter will be set as a master, and the rest are the slaves. The master inverter can communicate with all the slave inverters.

• Wiring operation

- a) Connect all the inverters in the parallel system with each other via RS485 cables.
- b) Connect the communication cable with the master inverter.

• Setting

Turn on the power of the entire system, enter setting page of the inverters on the LCD screen. Follow the instructions below to finish the settings.

To set the master inverter:

- a) Enter "ParallelSetting" page, choose "Enable" to activate the function for the inverter.

> ParallelSetting  
MpptScanMode

> Parallel Switch  
Enable

- b) Make sure the meter/CT is connected to the master inverter. Enter the "Export Control" page and choose "Meter"/"CT" on the master inverter.

> Export Control  
DRM Function

> Mode Select  
Meter

> Mode Select  
CT

- c) Choose "M/S Mode" to select the Master inverter. Only one inverter can be set as "Master".

> M/S Mode  
System Limit

> M/S Mode  
Master

- d) Set the value for "System Limit" on the master inverter. This will be the overall power limit for parallel system. The output power of slaves will then be distributed respectively according to their nominal output power. The value can be set within the range of 0 kW to 30 kW and the default value is 0 W.

> System Limit  
0

To set the slave inverters:

- a) Enter "Export Control" page, and the mode status is "Disable" by default (users cannot set by themselves).

> Export Control  
DRM Function

> Mode Select  
Disable

- b) Choose "ParallelSetting" and then set the status of "Parallel Switch" as "Enable".

> ParallelSetting  
MpptScanMode

> Parallel Switch  
Enable

- c) Enter "M/S Mode" and choose "Slave" to set the Slave inverters.

> M/S Mode  
Slave

**NOTE!**

The power limit value set in "System Limit" is the limit for the multiple inverters in the parallel system, while the "UserValue" set in "Export Control" is the power limit for a single inverter which will be nullified when the parallel function is enabled.

**NOTE!**

The parallel system with Modbus Function and the EV-Charger function cannot be used at the same time currently. If the EVCharger is connected when multiple inverters are working in the parallel system:  
When the "ParallelSetting" is enabled, the inverter communication with EV-Charger would be interrupted. In this case, the EV-Charger should have its own CT/Meter installed to work properly with parallel inverters.  
When the "ParallelSetting" is disabled, the EV-Charger function is enabled, then the EV-Charger can work normally with the inverter it is connected to, while other inverters cannot realize the export control function.



➤ Parallel system with Datahub

In this parallel system, at most 60 inverters can be connected. The Datahub will be the master of the system, and all the inverters are the slaves. The Datahub can communicate with all the slave inverters.

**NOTE!**

Before connecting the Datahub to the parallel system, please check that the inverters' settings meet the following conditions:  
The "ParallelSetting" should be "Disable".  
The addresses of all the inverters should be different.  
Otherwise, please reset the RS485 communication addresses.  
The communication address of meter and inverter mustn't be the same, otherwise a conflict may arise.



➤ Wiring operation

- a) Connect one terminal of an RS485 communication cable with Datahub, and the other end with one of the slave inverters.
- b) Connect all the slave inverters with each other via RS485 cables.
- c) Connect the meter with the Datahub and the mains.

**NOTE!**

The inverter connected with the Datahub should not enable the "ParallelSetting".  
There is no need to set the "ParallelSetting" on the inverters, the parallel system with Datahub will start automatically.



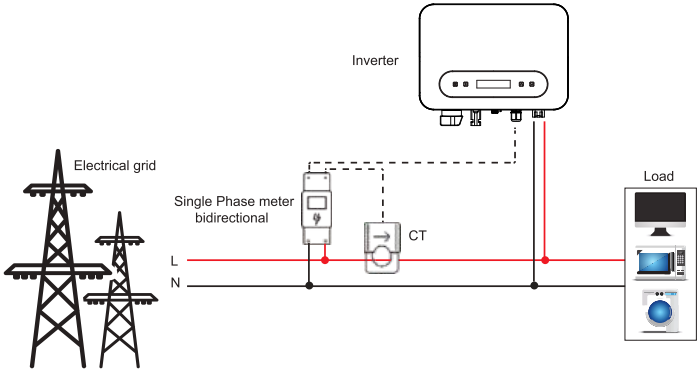
For the details, please refer to the user manual of Datahub.

b. Meter (optional) connection

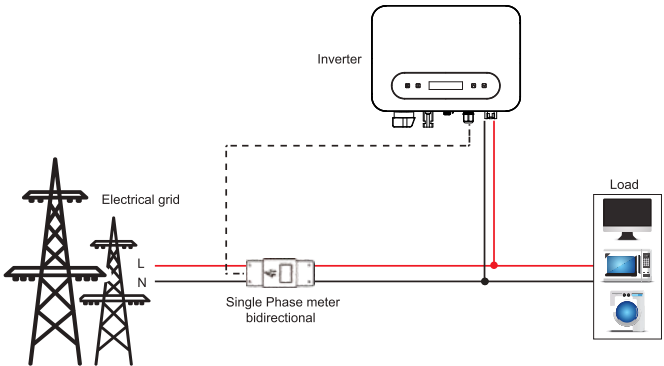
With this single phase meter working together with the inverter, you can:

- (1) Monitor the energy to grid and from grid through the whole day.
- (2) Achieve the export control function with a higher accuracy.

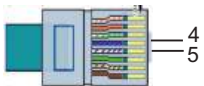
i. For meter with CT



ii. For meter without CT



The PIN definition of Meter interface is shown as below.



| PIN        | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4     | 5     | 6 | 7 | 8 |
|------------|---|---|---|-------|-------|---|---|---|
| Definition | X | X | X | 485_A | 485_B | X | X | X |

### ➤ Meter Connection Steps:

Please see the Quick Guide and User Manual for Single Phase Meter Installation for details.

#### Note!

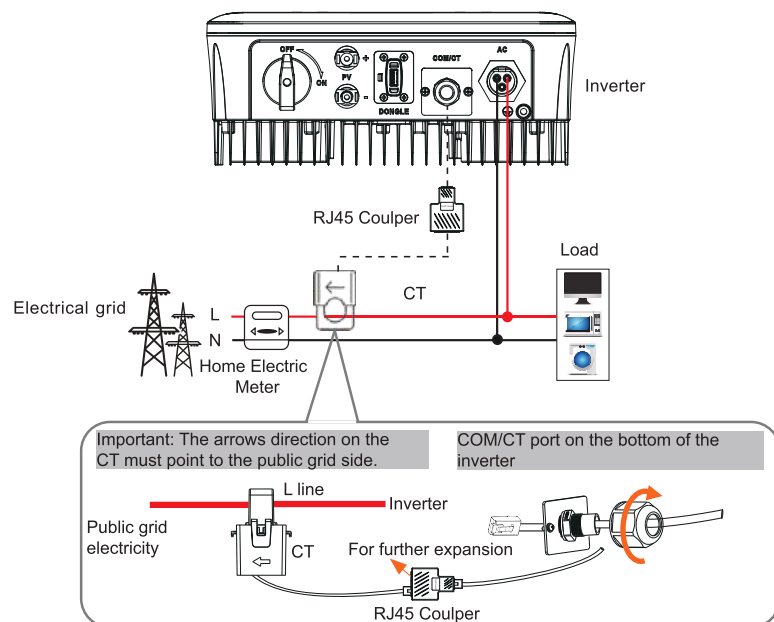


It is recommended to connect our Smart meter to inverter. If there is no smart meter installed, please disable the "Export Control" function in the inverter setting otherwise the inverter will stop and report a "Meter fault" alert. The "Export Control" is disabled by default, if an error occurs, please check if it is disabled. The smart meter must be purchased from and authorized by us, any third party or non-authorized meter may not match with the inverter. We will not take the responsibility if the meter is unavailable or incompatible in this case.

#### c. CT Connection:

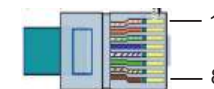
The current sensor measures the current on the phase wire that runs between the inverter and the grid.

#### • CT connection diagram



#### CT PIN Definition

When connecting the RJ45 connector with the wire of the CT, please follow the sequence below:



| PIN        | 1   | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8   |
|------------|-----|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|
| Definition | CT+ | X | X | X | X | X | X | CT- |

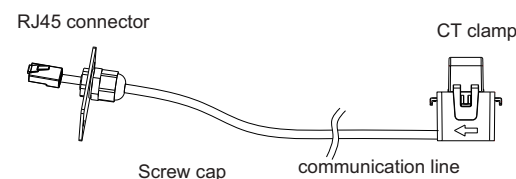
#### • CT Connection Steps:

#### NOTE!

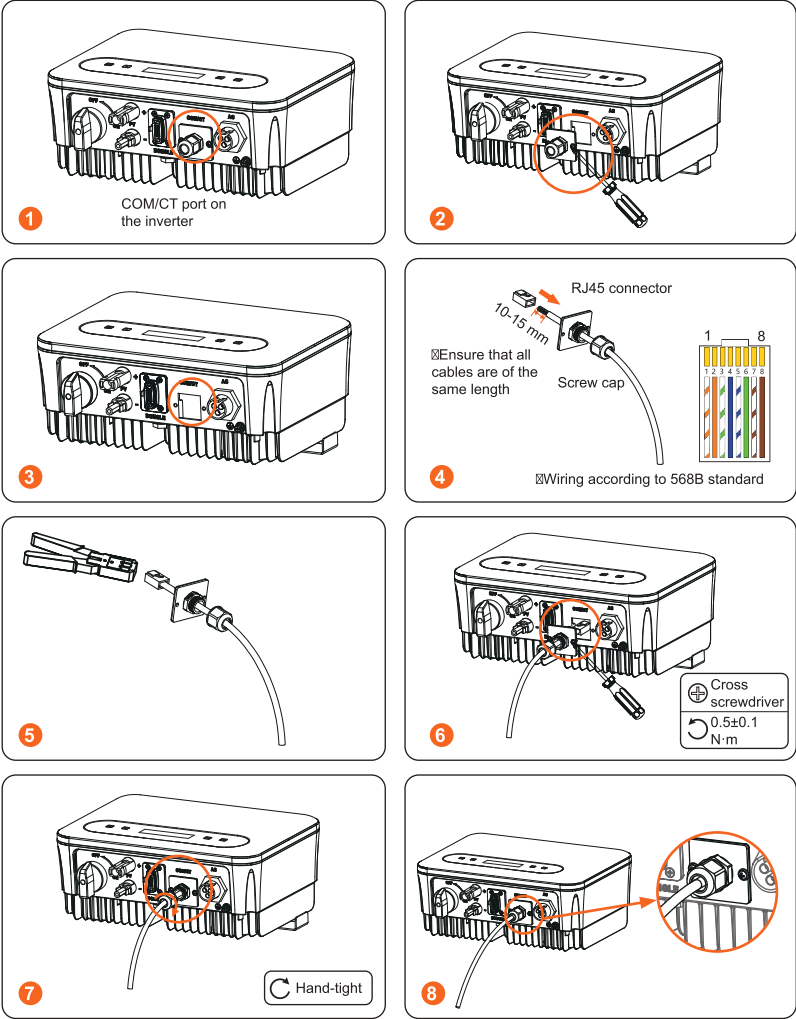


- Do not place the CT on the N Wire or the earth wire.
- Do not place the CT on the N and L wire simultaneously.
- Do not place the CT with the arrow pointing to the inverter side.
- Do not place the CT on the non-insulated wires.
- Do not use the wire over 25m.

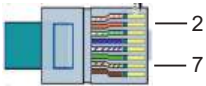
#### CT structural decomposition



- 1) Firstly unscrew the screw from the COM/CT port. (PH1 cross screwdriver. Torque:  $1.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ N.m}$ )
- 2) Prepare a communication cable and strip the insulation from it.
- 3) Let the communication cable pass through the waterproof connector, then insert it into the connector following the PIN definition rule.
- 4) Insert the RJ45 connector of CT into the "RS485" port on the inverter, and screw down the screw cap tightly.
- 5) Make sure the current sensor is installed in the right direction: The arrow on the current sensor must point to the public grid.
- 6) Clip the CT clamp on L line from the home main meter box side.
- 7) Use electrical tape to prevent CT from falling off.



d. DRM  
DRM function (for AS4777) is provided to support several demand response modes by giving control signals as below (For other countries, DRM function is used for remote shut-off) . The user should follow the following PIN rules and cooperate with external equipment when using it.



| PIN        | 1 | 2    | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7     | 8 |
|------------|---|------|---|---|---|---|-------|---|
| Definition | X | DRM0 | X | X | X | X | +3.3V | X |

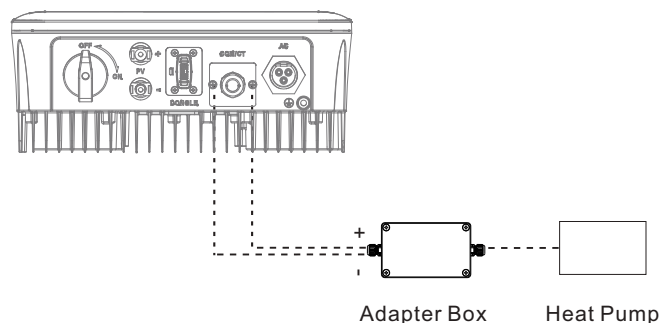
DRM shares the terminal block with RS485/ Meter communications.  
For the connection steps of the DRM, user can refer to the above RS485 connections.



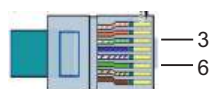
Note!  
Only DRM0 is available now. DRM0 is for AS4777.2 AU/NZ.

### e. Heat Pump Connection

Adapter box is provided to control the closing and breaking of switches by giving control signals. It can also be used to control heat pump via Adapter Box.



The PIN definition of heat pump is as below:



| PIN        | 1 | 2 | 3          | 4 | 5 | 6          | 7 | 8 |
|------------|---|---|------------|---|---|------------|---|---|
| Definition | X | X | Heat Pump- | X | X | Heat Pump+ | X | X |

### Heat Pump Connection:

1) Connect Heat Pump+ to the positive pole of the heat pump load and connect Heat Pump- to the negative pole of the heat pump load.

\* The heat pump function is disabled by default. Please enable it in the setting.

### Heat Pump Settings:

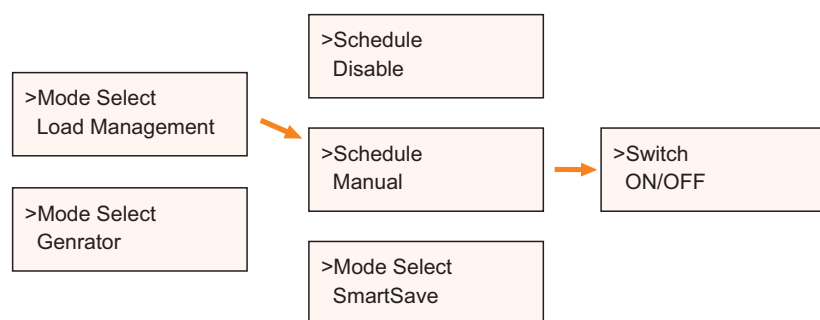
2.1) Enter the Settings interface and choose DryContact.



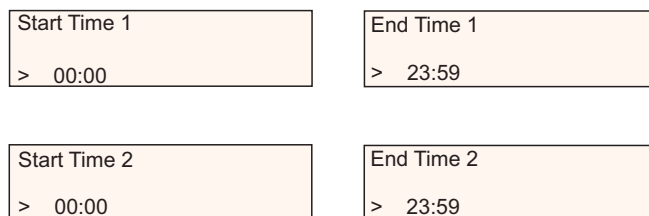
2.2) There are 2 modes for selection after you enter the DryContact interface: Load Management and Genrator.

(2.2.1) Choose Load Management and then select Manual in the Schedule interface.

(2.2.2) Choose On to switch on the heat pump function..



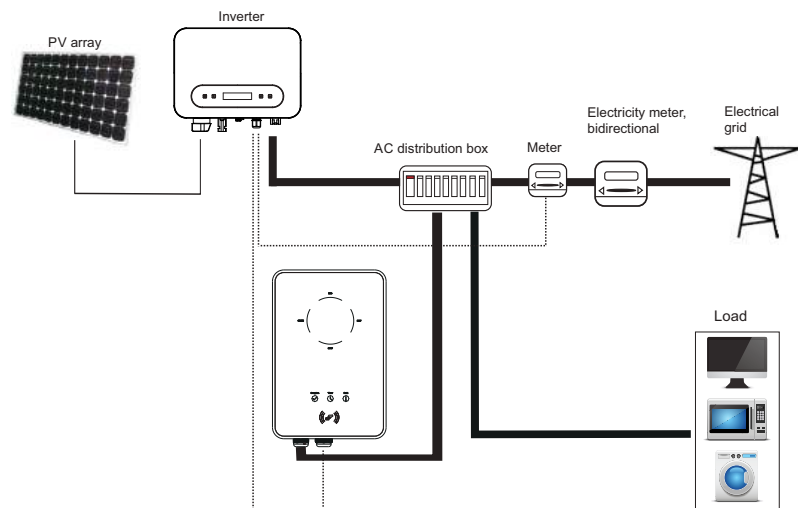
3) Set the time intervals for opening and closing the heat pump.



### ③ EV-Charger Function

The inverter can communicate with the smart EV-Charger to form an intelligent photovoltaic, storage and EV charging energy system, thus maximizing the utilization of photovoltaic energy.

Diagram: Intelligent Photovoltaic, Storage and EV Charging Energy System



#### Wiring operation

a) Plug one terminal of the communication cable to the right pin of the EV-Charger and the other terminal to PIN 4 & 5 of the "COM/CT" port of the inverter.

b) Connect the meter to PIN 4 & 5 of the "COM/CT" port of the inverter.

#### Setting

Turn on the power of the entire system, enter the "Settings" page of the inverters on the LCD screen.

a) Enter the "Export Control" page and chose "CT" or "Meter".

> Export Control  
DRM Function

> Mode Select  
Meter

> Mode Select  
CT

b) Select "EvChargerEnable" and then enter "Mode Select". Ensure the interface shows "Enable" under "Mode Select", which indicates the EV-Charger function started successfully.

>EvChargerEnable  
Adapter Box

>Mode Select  
Enable

For the installation and settings of the EV-Charger, please refer to the user manual of the EV-Charger for details.



#### Note!

The EV-Charger function and the parallel system with Datahub or the parallel system with Modbus Function cannot be used at the same time currently.

### ④ Upgrade

User can update the inverter system through the USB flash driver.



#### WARNING!

Make sure the input voltage is more than 100 V dc (in good illumination condition), otherwise it may result in failing during updating.

#### ➤ Upgrade Steps:

1) Please contact our service support to get the update file, and extract it into your USB flash driver as the following file path:

"Update\ARM\323101023800\_XX\_XXXX\_XX\_ARM\_VXXX.XX\_XXXXXXXXX.bin";

"Update\DSP\323101023700\_XX\_XXXX\_XX\_DSP\_VXXX.XX\_XXXXXXXXX.bin".

Note: Vx.xx is version number, xxxxxxxx is file completion date.



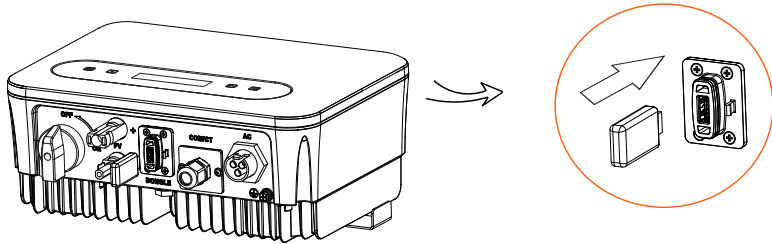
#### WARNING!

Make sure the directory is in accordance with above form strictly!  
Do not modify the program file name! Otherwise it may cause the inverter not to work anymore!



**NOTE!**  
The format of U-disk system shall be FAT32.

2) Insert USB flash drive with update program into the DONGLE port on the bottom of the inverter. Turn on DC switch or connect the PV connector.



3) Short press up and down key to select the one that you want to update and long press down key to confirm.



4) After the upgrade is completed, please pull off the U-disk.



**WARNING!**  
If the upgrade fails, please repeat the above operation.

### 5.6 Run the Inverter

➤ Start inverter after checking all below steps:

- a) Check that device is fixed well on the wall.
- b) Make sure the DC breaker and AC breaker are disconnected.
- c) AC cable is connected to grid correctly.
- d) The DC cable is properly and reliably connected;
- e) The ground cable is properly and reliably connected;
- f) The communication cable is properly and reliably connected.
- g) All PV panels are connected to inverter correctly.
- h) No foreign items, such as tools, are left on the top of the machine or in the junction box (if there is).
- i) Turn on the external DC and then AC connectors.
- j) Turn on the DC switch to the "ON" position.

➤ Start the inverter

- a) Inverter will start automatically when PV panels generate enough energy.
- b) Check the status of LED indication and LCD screen, the LED indication should be blue and the LCD screen should display the main interface.
- c) If the LED indication is not blue, please check the following conditions:
  - All the connections are correct.
  - All the external disconnect switches are closed.
  - The DC switch of the inverter is in the "ON" position.

➤ The following is the three status when operating, which means inverter starting up successfully.

| Status   | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Waiting  | Inverter is waiting to check when DC input voltage from panels is greater than 40 V (start-up voltage) but less than 50 V (lowest operating voltage). When the inverter with auxiliary power supply lacks PV, the screen also shows "waiting". |
| Checking | Inverter will check DC input environment automatically when DC input voltage from the PV panels exceeds 50 V and PV panels have enough energy to start inverter.                                                                               |
| Normal   | Inverter begins to operate normally when the blue light is constantly on. Meanwhile feedback energy to grid (if condition permits), LCD displays present output power.                                                                         |

Enter the setting interface to follow the instructions when it is first time to start up.



**WARNING!**

Power to the unit must be turned on only after installation work has been completed. All electrical connections must be carried out by qualified personnel in accordance with legislation in force in the country concerned.



**NOTE!**

Please set the inverter according to local requirements.

### 5.7 Isolation Fault Alarm

The isolation fault alarm installed into the inverter, is the standard configuration, as required by AS 4777\_2020 and New Zealand, it will give a visual alarm once the isolation impedance of the PV arrays is less than 20 KΩ.

The error indicator light will be in red and the control panel will display isofault.

### 5.8 Country/Grid Settings

For compliance with AS/NZS 4777.2:2020, please select from Australia Region A/B/C. Please contact your local grid operator for which Region to select.

- Please select Australia Region A, B, C for power quality response modes and grid protection settings during commissioning.
- You can adjust setpoints for power quality response modes and grid protection settings if required.

### 5.9 Commissioning

You can adjust setpoints for power quality response modes and grid protection settings if required.

After commissioning, you can view the following settings through the LCD of the inverter after commissioning:

- Region settings (and setpoints) for grid protection settings
- Region settings (and setpoints) for power quality response modes.



**NOTE!**

Once settings are selected at commissioning they are locked to view only.

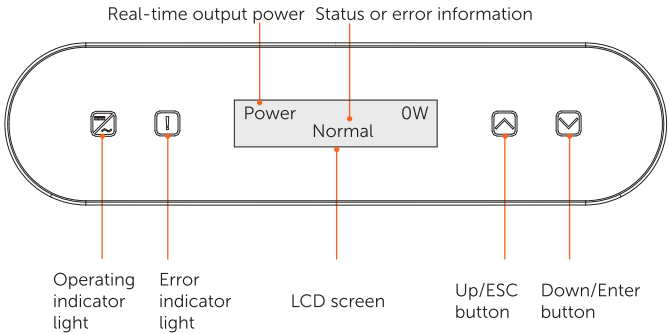


**NOTE!**

Password should not be readily available – if you need that, you can find the password that either in a separate maintenance/service manual or available from manufacturer/importer upon request

# 6. Operation Method

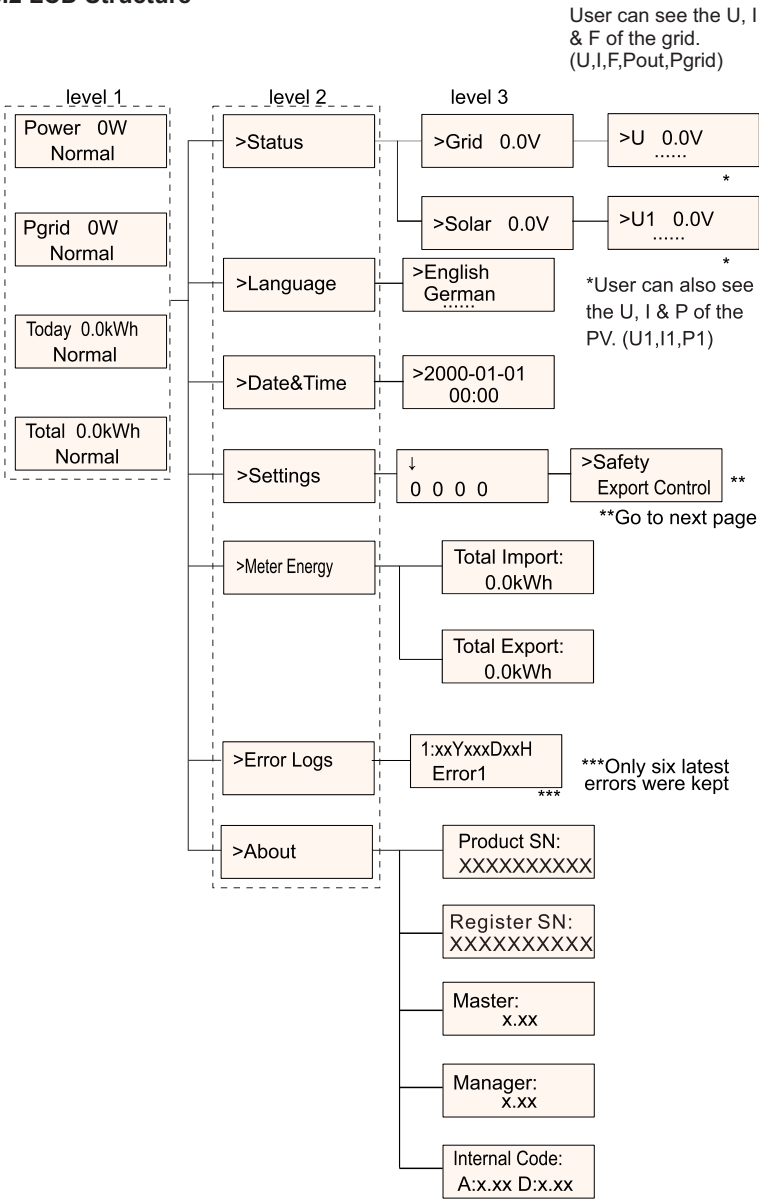
## 6.1 Control panel



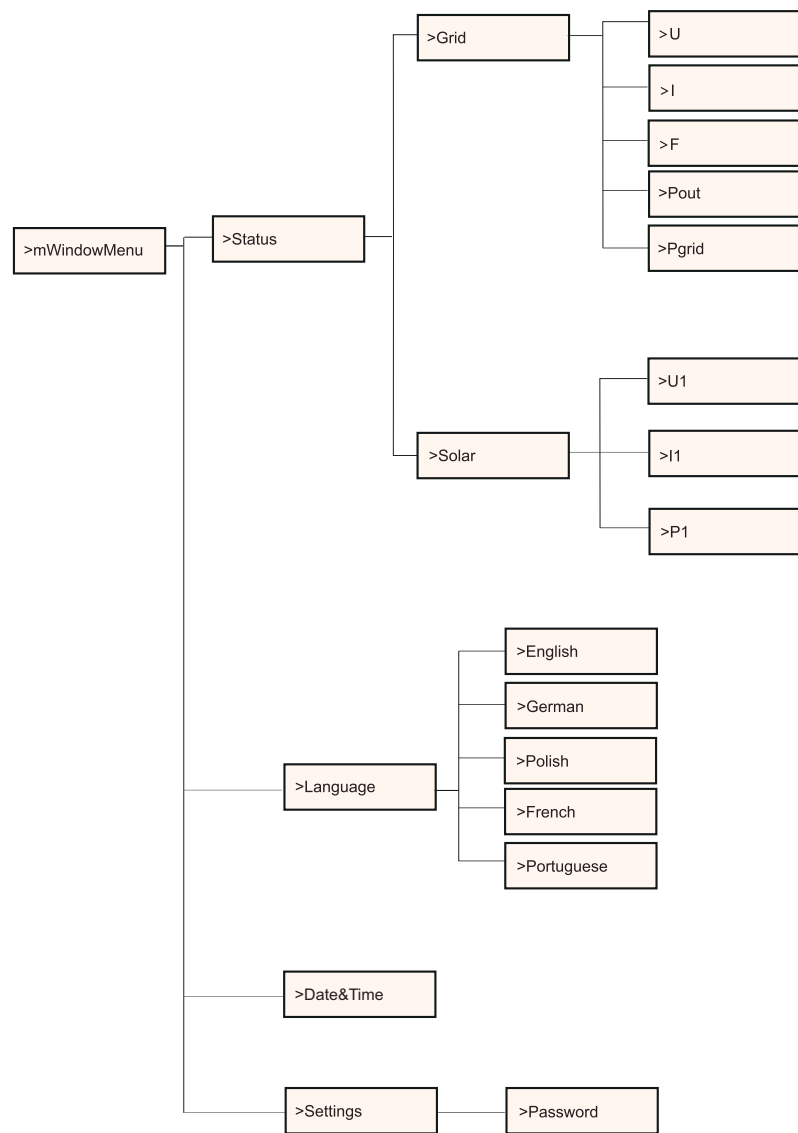
| Item                      | Description                                                                                                                  |
|---------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| LCD Screen                | Display the information of the inverter.                                                                                     |
| Operating indicator light | Light in blue: The inverter is in normal status.<br>Flash in blue: The inverter is in waiting status.                        |
| Error indicator           | Light in red: The inverter is in fault status.                                                                               |
| Up/ESC button             | Up/ESC button: Short press to move cursor up or increase value.<br>Long press to return from the current interface function. |
| Down/Enter button         | Down/Enter button: Short press to move cursor down or decrease value.<br>Long press to confirm and change parameters.        |

Note: When the inverter is in "Waiting" and "Checking" status, the blue light "B" is flashing; when in "Normal" status, the blue light "B" is always on.

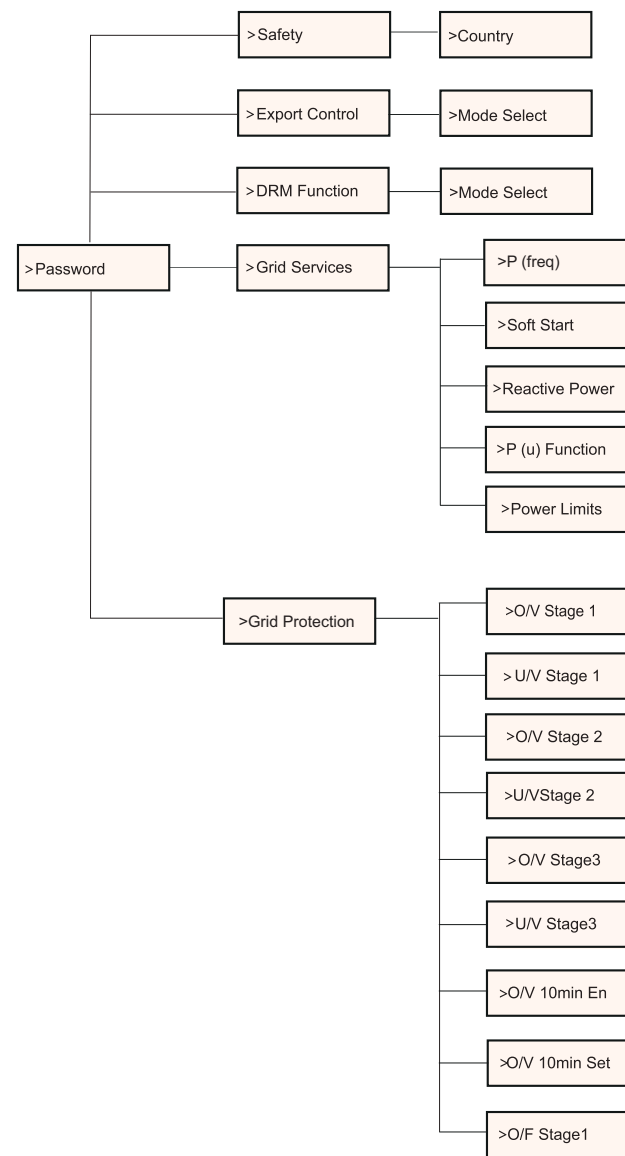
## 6.2 LCD Structure



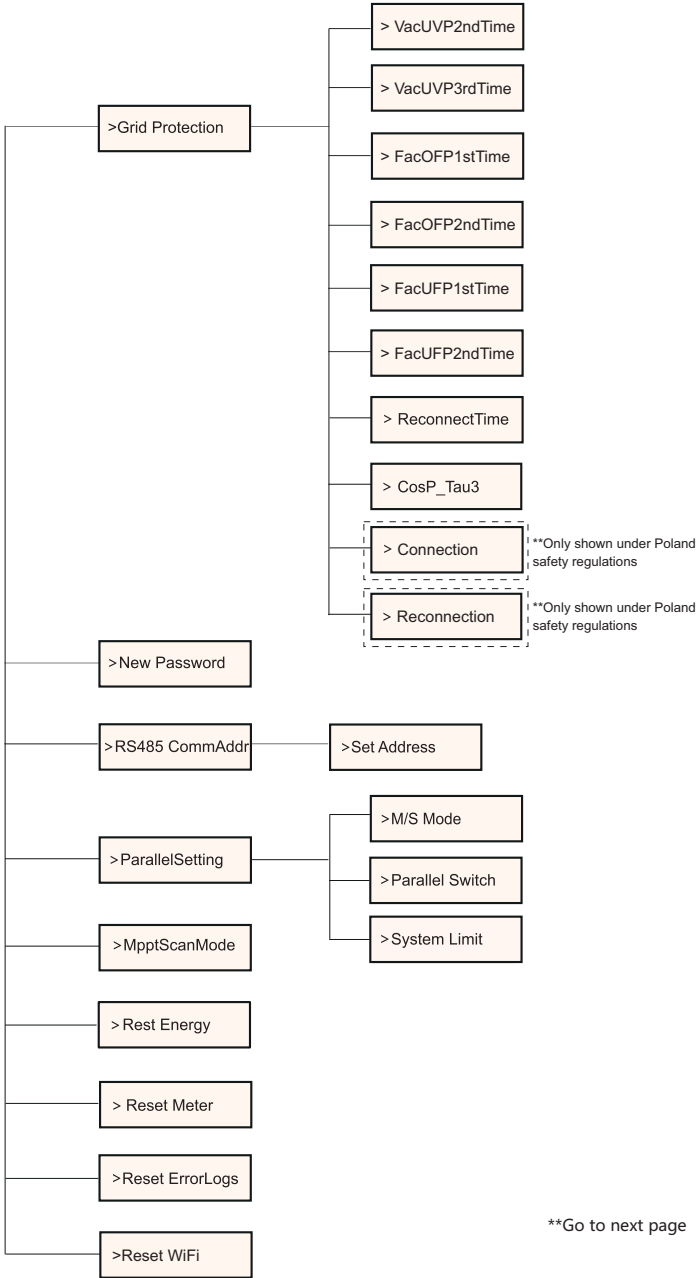
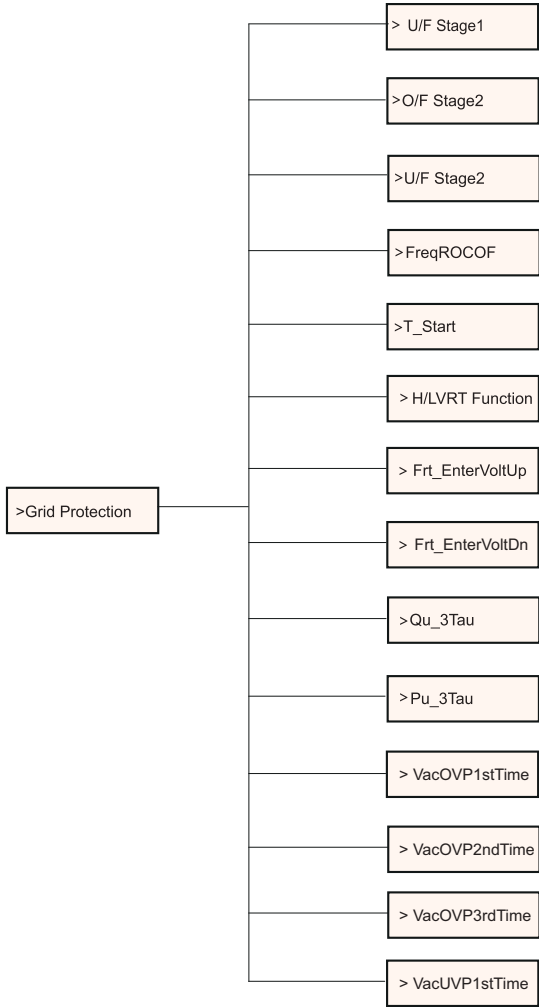
## 6.3 LCD Operation



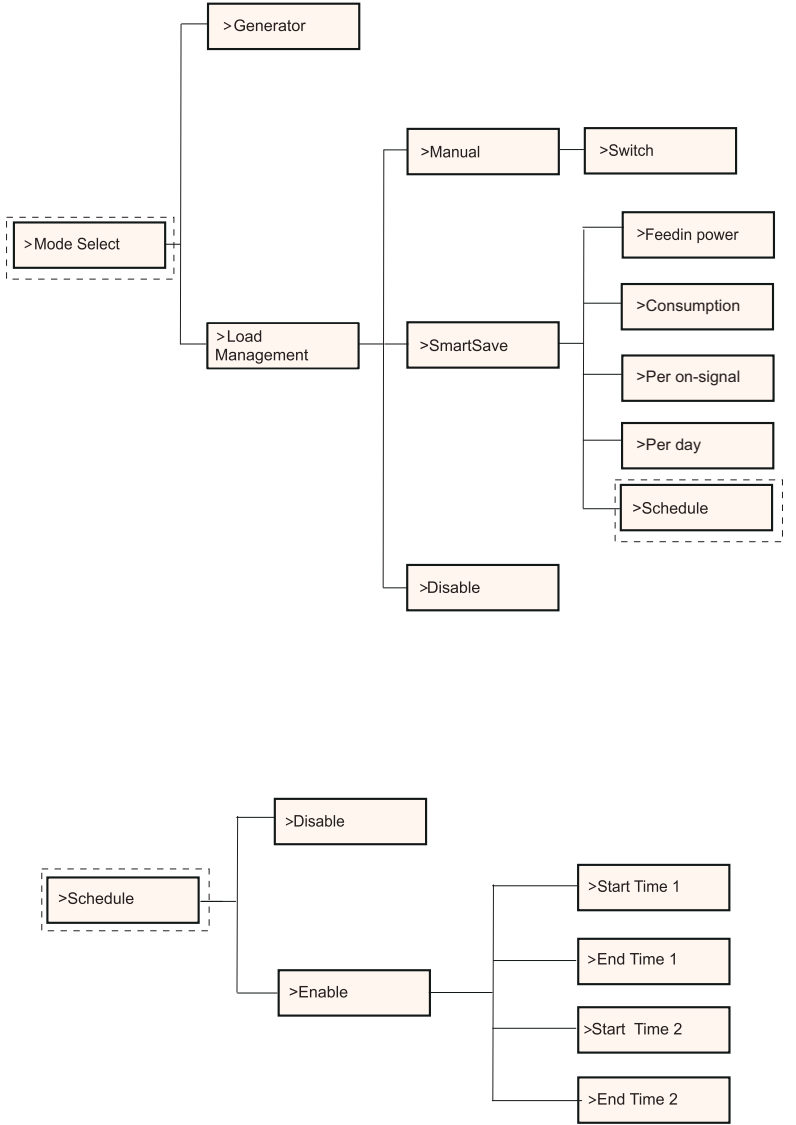
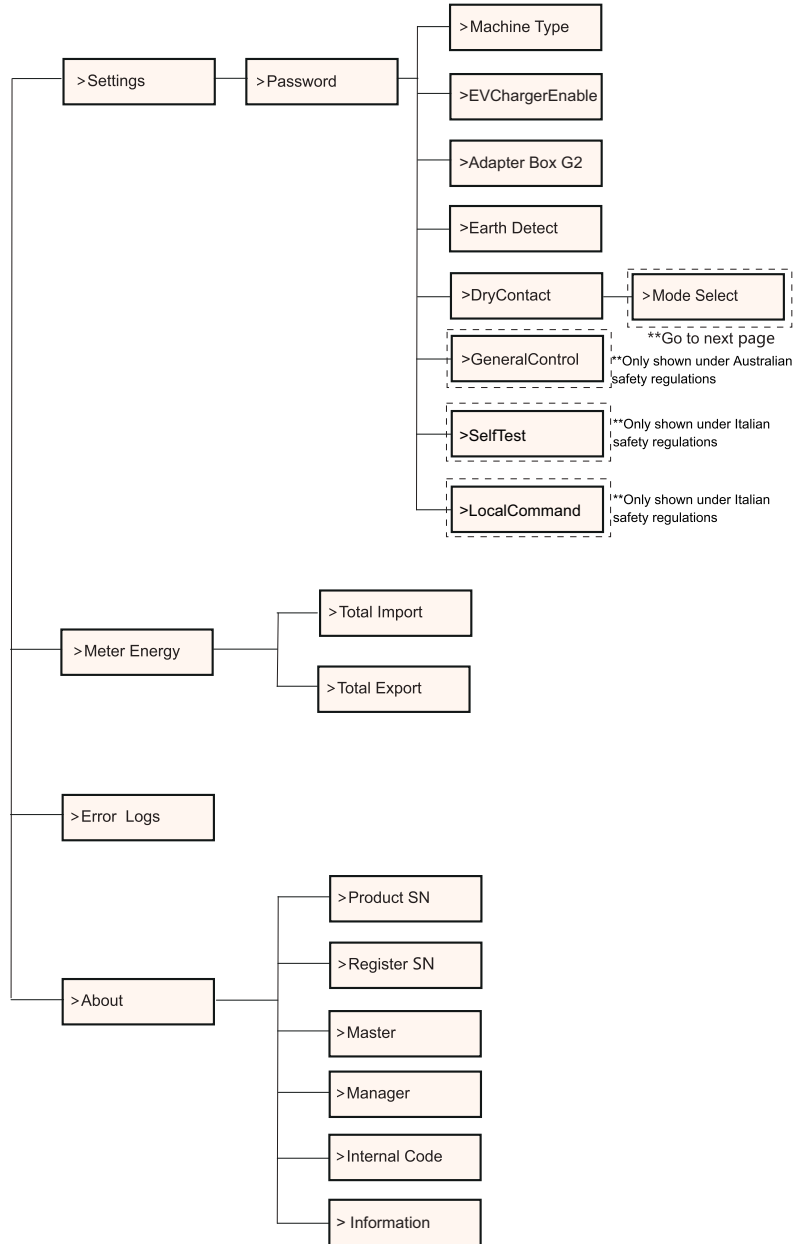
\*\*Go to next page

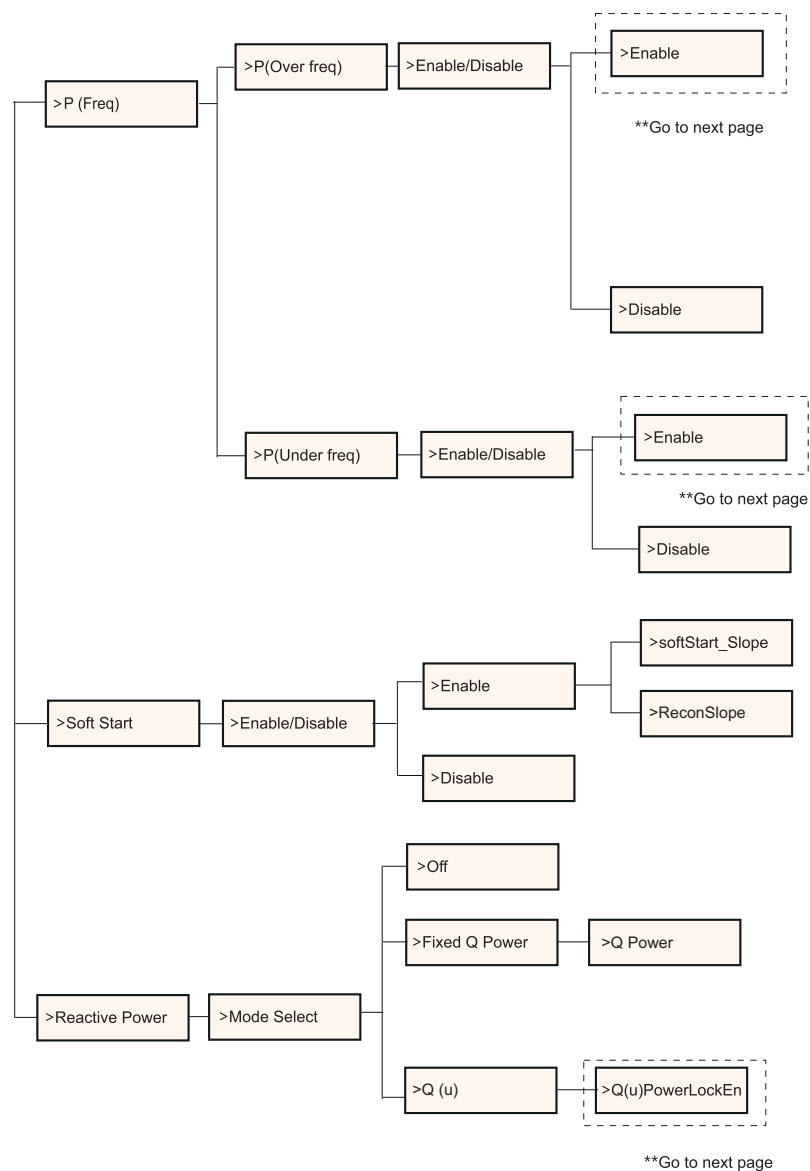
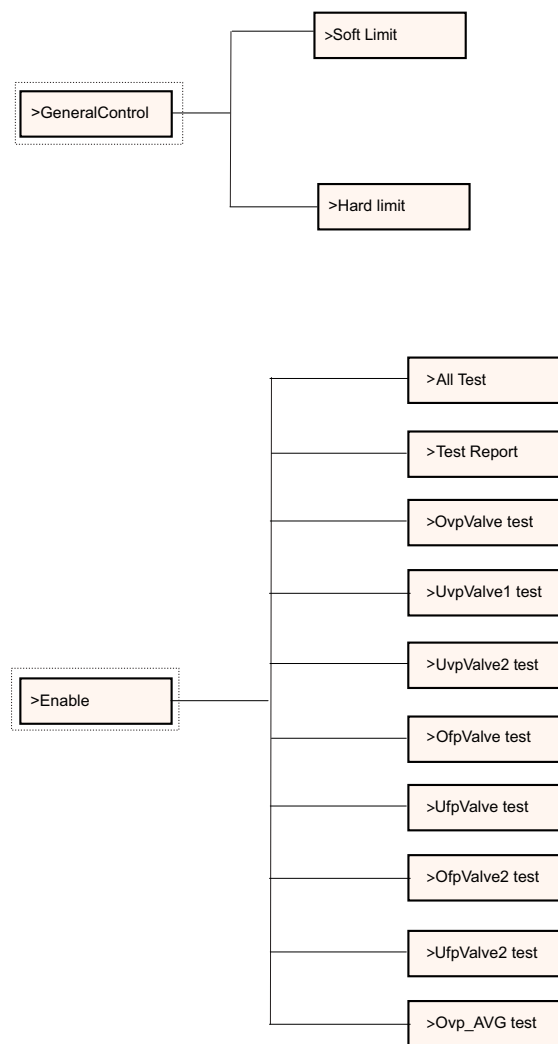


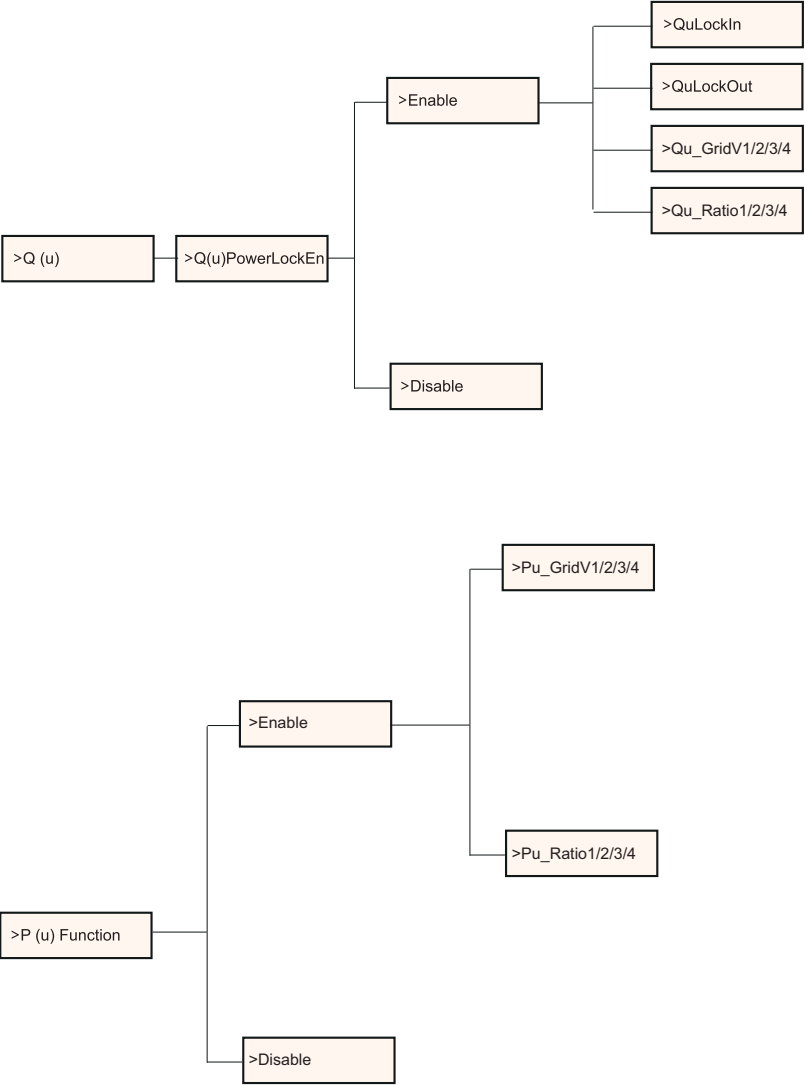
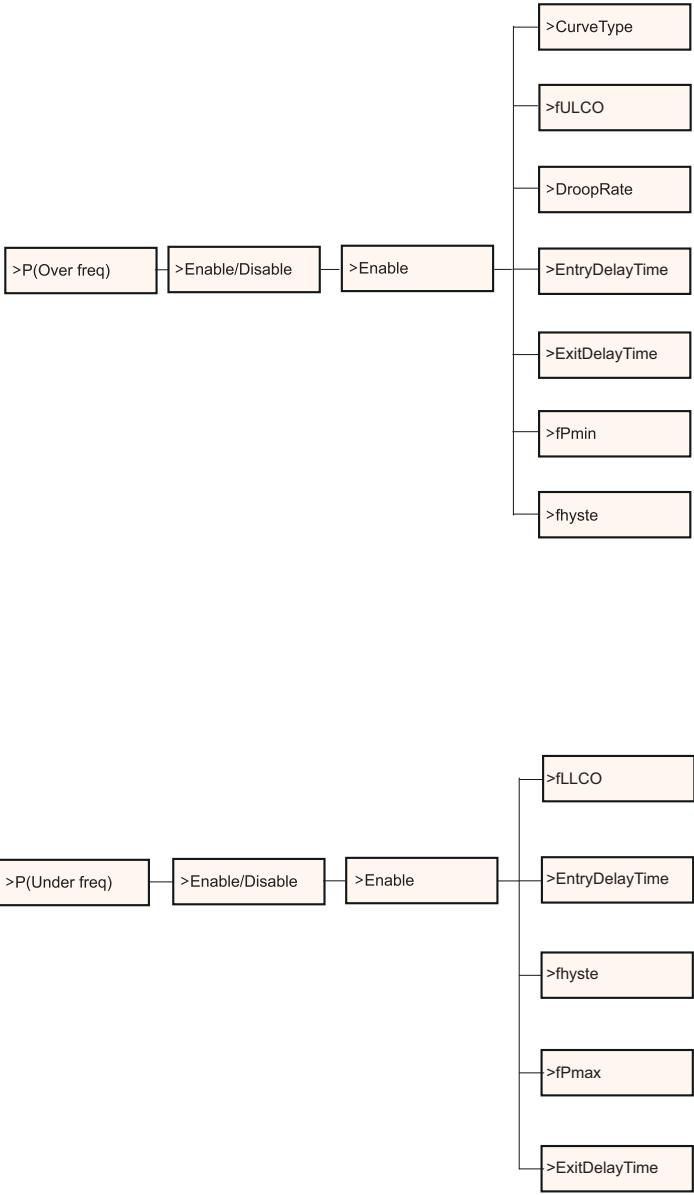
\*\*Go to next page



\*\*Go to next page







## ➤ LCD Display

### • Level 1

|                    |                    |                        |                        |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Power 0W<br>Normal | Pgrid 0W<br>Normal | Today 0.0kWh<br>Normal | Total 0.0kWh<br>Normal |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|------------------------|

1) The first line displays the parameters(Power, Pgrid, Today and Total) and the values.

| Parameter | Meaning                                                                                                                                             |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Power     | The output power of inverter.                                                                                                                       |
| Pgrid     | The power export to or import from the grid; (Positive value means the energy feeds into grid, negative value means the energy used from the grid). |
| Today     | The power generated within the day.                                                                                                                 |
| Total     | The power generated in total.                                                                                                                       |

2) The second line shows the running status.

“Normal” means the running status of the inverter.

### • Level 2

Long press the “Enter” button to enter the second-level interface.

User can see parameters, such as the Status, Language, Date Time, Settings (need password ), Meter energy (including Total Import, Total Export), Error Logs (of the inverter), and About ( the user can browse the information of the inverter, including product serial number, machine type, register sn, master, slave, manager and internal code).

----- Menu -----

>Status  
Language

#### a) Status

The status function contains two aspects: the grid and the solar.

Press “Up” and “Down” to select and long press “down” to confirm the selection, long press “Up” to return to Menu.

----- Status -----

>Grid  
Solar

#### 1) Grid

This status shows the current condition of the AC output port of the inverter, such as voltage, current, output power and grid power.

This status includes 5 parameters: U, I, F, Pout, Pgrid.

Press “Up” and “Down” to select and long press “down” to confirm the selection, long press “Up” to return.

----- Grid -----

>U 0.0V  
I 0.0A

#### 2) Solar

This status shows the real time PV condition of the system, such as input voltage, current and power situation of each PV input.

This status includes 6 parameters: U1, I1, P1.

Press “Up” and “Down” to select and long press “down” to confirm the selection, long press “Up” to return

----- Solar -----

>U1 0.0V  
I1 0.0A

#### b) Language

Users can select a language from English, German, Polish, French, Portuguese, Chinese, Spanish, Italian and Dutch by this function.

----- Language -----

>English  
German

#### c) Date Time

This interface is for the user to set the system date and time. Increase or decrease the word by pressing “Up” or “Down” button. Long press “Down”

to confirm and alternate to next parameter. After all the numbers are confirmed. Long press “Down” to enter the date and time.

----- Date&Time -----  
 >2000-01-01  
 00: 00

#### d) Settings

This function is used for setting the inverter.

----- Settings -----  
 ↓  
 1 0 0 0

#### \* Password

The default password is “2014” for the installer, which only allows the installer to review and modify necessary settings complying to the local rules and regulations. If further advanced setting is required, please contact the distributor or us for assistance. We need to increase or decrease the word by pressing up or down button. Long press “Down” to confirm and alternate to the next number.

----- Settings -----  
 ↓  
 1 0 0 0

After inputting the password, the information of the LCD interface is shown as below.

----- Settings -----  
 >Safety  
 Export Control

#### 1) Safety

The user can set the safety standard here according to different countries and grid tied standards. There are several standards for choice (May change without notice). In addition, the user has an “UserDefined” option which allows the user to customize relevant parameters within a wider range.

----- Safety -----

>Country  
 VDE4105



#### NOTE!

The grid standard needs to be set as different regions according to local requirements. If there is any doubt, please consult our service technicians for details.

The default settings for different regions are shown as follows:

| Region        | Australia A   | Australia B   | Australia C   | New Zealand |               |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|
| Standard Code | AS4777_2020_A | AS4777_2020_B | AS4777_2020_C | New Zealand | Setting Range |
| OV-G-V        | 265V          | 265V          | 265V          | 265V        | 230-300V      |
| OV-GV1-T      | 1.5S          | 1.5S          | 1.5S          | 1.5S        |               |
| OV-G-V2       | 275V          | 275V          | 275V          | 275V        | 230-300V      |
| OV-GV2-T      | 0.1S          | 0.1S          | 0.1S          | 0.1S        |               |
| UN-G-V1       | 180V          | 180V          | 180V          | 180V        | 40-230V       |
| UNGV1-T       | 10S           | 10S           | 10S           | 10S         |               |
| UN-G-V2       | 70V           | 70V           | 70V           | 70V         | 40-230V       |
| UNGV2-T       | 1.5S          | 1.5S          | 1.5S          | 1.5S        |               |
| OV-G-F1       | 52Hz          | 52Hz          | 55Hz          | 55Hz        | 50-55Hz       |
| OVGF1-T       | 0.1S          | 0.1S          | 0.1S          | 0.1S        |               |
| OV-G-F2       | 52Hz          | 52Hz          | 55Hz          | 55Hz        | 50-55Hz       |
| OVGF2-T       | 0.1S          | 0.1S          | 0.1S          | 0.1S        |               |
| UN-G-F1       | 47Hz          | 47Hz          | 45Hz          | 45Hz        | 45-50Hz       |
| UNGF1-T       | 1.5S          | 1.5S          | 5S            | 1.5S        |               |
| UN-G-F2       | 47Hz          | 47Hz          | 45Hz          | 45Hz        | 45-50Hz       |
| UNGF2-T       | 1.5S          | 1.5S          | 5S            | 1.5S        |               |
| Startup-T     | 60S           | 60S           | 60S           | 60S         | 15-1000S      |
| Restore-T     | 60S           | 60S           | 60S           | 60S         | 15-600S       |
| Recover-VH    | 253V          | 253V          | 253V          | 253V        |               |
| Recover-VL    | 205V          | 205V          | 205V          | 198V        |               |
| Recover-FH    | 50.15Hz       | 50.15Hz       | 50.15Hz       | 50.15Hz     |               |
| Recover-FL    | 47.5Hz        | 47.5Hz        | 47.5Hz        | 47.5Hz      |               |
| Start-VH      | 253V          | 253V          | 253V          | 253V        |               |
| Start-VL      | 205V          | 205V          | 205V          | 198V        |               |
| Start-FH      | 50.15Hz       | 50.15Hz       | 50.15Hz       | 50.15Hz     |               |
| Start-FL      | 47.5Hz        | 47.5Hz        | 47.5Hz        | 47.5Hz      |               |

#### 2) Export Control

With this function the inverter can control energy exported to the grid.

Whether having this function is based on user's wishes.

Choose “Disable” means the function will be shut off.

The user value set by installer must be within the range of 0 kW to 60 kW.

Press “Up” and “Down” button to select and long press “Down” to confirm.

---- Export Control -----

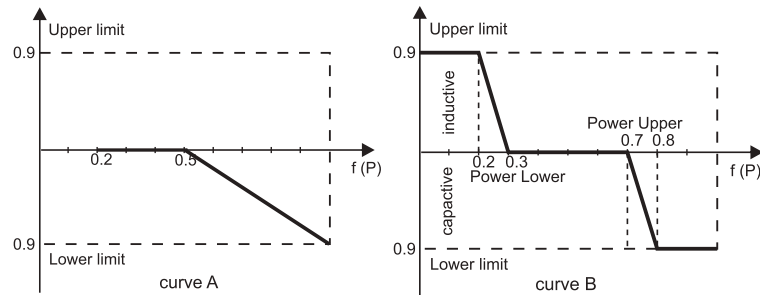
>Mode Select  
Disable/Meter/CT

#### 4-2.

Reactive power control, Reactive standard curve  $\cos \varphi = f(P)$

For VDE ARN 4105, curve  $\cos \varphi = f(P)$  should refer to curve A. Default values of setting are as shown in curve A.

For E 8001, curve  $\cos \varphi = f(P)$  should refer to curve B. Default values of setting are as shown in curve B.



Reactive power control, Reactive standard curve  $Q = f(V)$

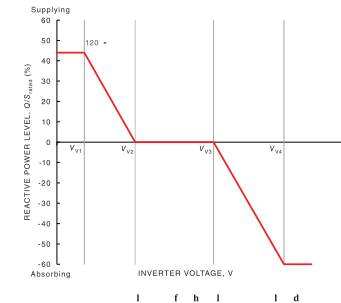
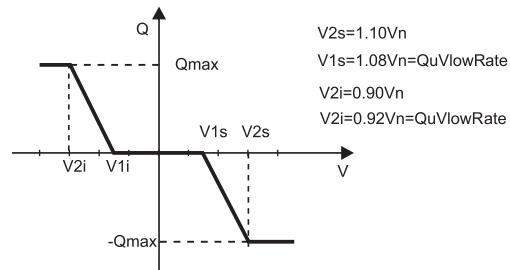


Figure — Example curve of reactive power control

Voltage 1( $V_{v1}$ ): 180-230V

(Default: AS4777\_2020\_A(207V);AS4777\_2020\_B(205V);AS4777\_2020\_C(215V);New Zealand(207V))

Voltage 2( $V_{v2}$ ): 180-230V

(Default: AS4777\_2020\_A(220V);AS4777\_2020\_B(220V);AS4777\_2020\_C(230V);New Zealand(220V))

Q-Limit 2( $V_{v2}$ ): 0%

Voltage 3( $V_{v3}$ ): 230V-265V

(Default: AS4777\_2020\_A(240V);AS4777\_2020\_B(235V);AS4777\_2020\_C(240V);New Zealand(235V))

Q-Limit 3( $V_{v3}$ ): 0%

Voltage 4( $V_{v4}$ ): 230V-265V

(Default: AS4777\_2020\_A(258V);AS4777\_2020\_B(255V);AS4777\_2020\_C(255V);New Zealand(244V))

"Vv1" Leading(Supplying): +30~+60%

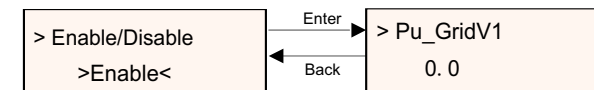
(Default: AS4777\_2020\_A(+44%);AS4777\_2020\_B(+30%);AS4777\_2020\_C(+44%);New Zealand(+60%))

Lagging(Absorbing): -30~-60%

(Default: AS4777\_2020\_A(-60%);AS4777\_2020\_B(-40%);AS4777\_2020\_C(-60%);New Zealand(-60%))

#### 5.

----- P(u) Function -----



This function can limit the power. There are several values to be set.

#### 3) DRM Function

Installer can choose "Enable" to control the inverter's power off through the external communication.

-----DRM Function -----

>DRM Function  
Enable/Disable

4) Grid Services

Usually end user do not need to set the grid parameters. All default value have been set before leaving factory according to safety rules.  
If reset is needed, any changes should be made according to the requirements of local grid.

.... Grid Service .....

>P (freq)  
Soft Start

1. .... P(freq) .....

> P(Overfreq)  
P(Underfreq)

If reset is needed, any changes should be made according to the requirements of local grid.
2. .... Soft Start .....

> Enable/Disable  
>Disable <

If reset is needed, any changes should be made according to the requirements of local grid.
3. 

Soft Start\_Slope  
9%

If set as shown, 9 percent of the rated power increase per minute.

4-1.

..... Reactive Power.....

> Mode Select  
>Off <

If reset is needed, any changes should be made according to the requirements of local grid.

| Mode Select   | Comment              |
|---------------|----------------------|
| Off           | -                    |
| Over-Excited  | PF value             |
| Under-Excited | PF value             |
| PF(P)         | PowerFactor 1/2/3/4  |
|               | PowerRatio 1/2/3/4   |
|               | EntryVolt            |
|               | ExitVolt             |
| Q(u)          | Q(u) PowerLockEn     |
|               | Q(u) LockIn          |
|               | Q(u) LockOut         |
|               | Q(u) GridV1/V2/V3/V4 |
|               | QuRatio1/2/3/4       |
| Fix Q Power   | Q Power              |



**NOTE!**  
The terms shown in the interface depend on the local safety regulations.

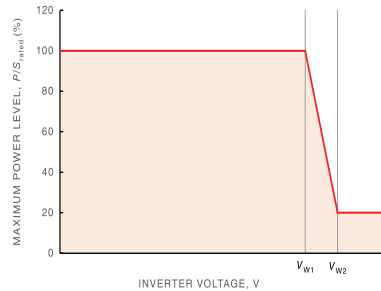


Figure 4 — Example curve for the volt-watt response mode

Status: Enable/Disable (Note: This is used to enable or disable the Volt-Watt mode)

Voltage 1(Vw1): 235V-255V

(Default: AS4777\_2020\_A(253V); AS4777\_2020\_B (250V); AS4777\_2020\_C(253V); New Zealand(242V))

P-Limit 1(Vw1): 100%

Voltage 2(Vw2): 240V-265V

(Default: AS4777\_2020\_A (260V); AS4777\_2020\_B (260V); AS4777\_2020\_C(260V); New Zealand(250V))

P-Limit 2(Vw2): 0-20%(Default: 20% for AS4777\_2020\_A; AS4777\_2020\_B ; AS4777\_2020\_C; New Zealand)

#### 6. Power Limits

> Proportion  
0.00

User can set the power limit here, the setting value is between 0.00 and 1.1.

#### 5) Grid Protection

Usually end user do not need to set the grid Protection. All default values have been set before leaving factory according to safety rules.

If reset is needed, any changes should be made according to the requirements of local grid.

Export Control

> O/V Stage1

0.0

#### 6) New Password

The user can set the new password here. We need to increase or decrease the word by pressing “Up” or “Down” button. Long press “Down” to confirm and alternate to next word. After word is confirmed, long press “Down” to reset the password.

New Password

>  
0 0 0 0

#### 7) RS485 CommAddr

If “Enable” is selected, the inverter will communicate with the computer, through which the operating status of the inverter can be monitored. When multiple inverters are monitored by one computer, RS485 communication addresses of different inverters need to be set. RS485 function will only be effective when the address is identical. The default address is “1”.

RS485 CommAddr

> Set Address  
2

#### 8) ParallelSetting

When the user wants to use the parallel system with Modbus Function, enable this function and complete the settings following the instructions in section “Parallel Connection”. If not needed, disable this function.

ParallelSetting

> Parallel Switch  
Enable

#### 9) Mppt Scan Mode

There are 4 modes for selection: “Off”, “LowFreqScan”, “MidFreqScan”, “HighFreqScan”. It shows the frequency of PV panel scan.

If “LowFreqScan” is selected, the inverter will scan the PV panel by low frequency.

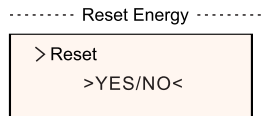
Time for LowFreqScan: 4h; for MidFreqScan: 3h; for HighFreqScan: 1h..

Mppt Scan Mode

Mode Select  
>Off<

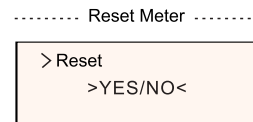
## 10) Reset Energy

The user can clear the power energy of CT and meter by this function (if the user uses meters)



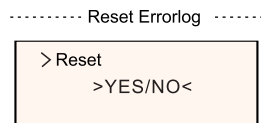
## 11) Reset Meter

The user can clear the meter and CT energy by this function. Press “Up” or “Down” button to select and long press “Down” to confirm. (The user can select “Yes” to reset meter if the user uses meters)



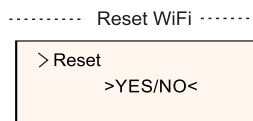
## 12) Reset Errorlog

The user can clear the errorlogs by this function. Press “Up” or “Down” button to select and long press “Down” to confirm.



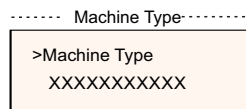
## 13) Reset WiFi

The user can restart the WiFi by this function.



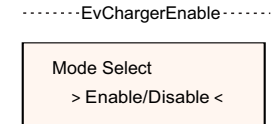
## 14) Machine Type

The user can check the Machine Type by this function.



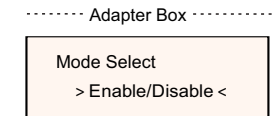
## 15) EvChargerEnable

The user can turn on EvCharger function by select "Enable".



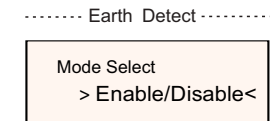
## 15) Adapter Box G2

The user can connect the adapter box by this function



## 17) Earth Detect

The user can enable or disable the Earth Detect by this function.



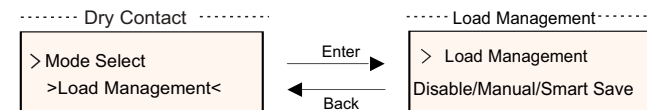
## 18) Dry Contact

The user can use the Dry Contact to connect heat pump by this function (require SG Ready).



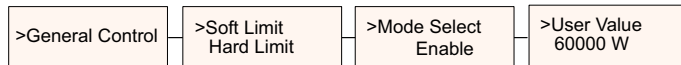
There are three functions(Disable/Manual/Smart Save) which can be selected for Load Management. “Disable” means the heat pump is off. When “Manual” is selected the user can control the external relay to remain close or open manually. “Smart Save” mode can set the values of the heat pump’s on/off time and conditions, operating modes.

If the user uses the inverter dry contacts to control heat pump through Adapter box, please refer to the Adapter Box Quick Installation Guide to set the parameters here.



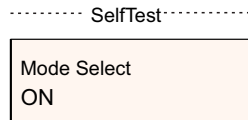
### 19) General Control

Under the Australia safety regulations, general control will show as meter control.



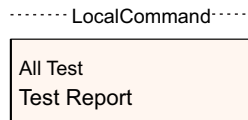
### 20) SelfTest

The user can test the safety regulations using this function.



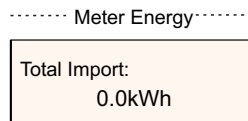
### 21) LocalCommand

The user can select broadband and narrow band according to local command using this function.



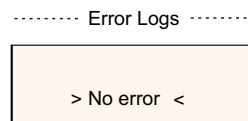
#### • Meter Energy

The user can check the import and export energy by this function. There are four parameters: "Total Import", "Total Export". Press "Up" and "Down" to browse the values.



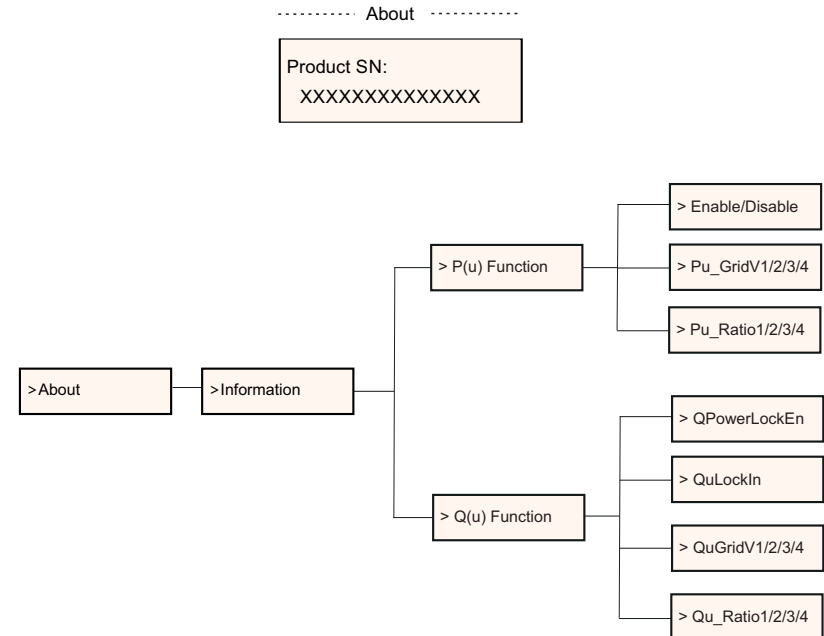
#### • Error Logs

The Error log contains error information happened. It can record six items at most. Press "Up" and "Down" button to review parameter. Long press "up" to return to the main interface.



#### • About

This interface shows information of the inverter, including "Product SN", "Register SN", "Master", "Manager" and "Internal Code".



#### • Level 3

Long press the "Enter" button to enter the third-level interface.

a) Status: The user can see the U/I/P parameters of the grid and the PV, such as the Ugrid, Igrid, P and F of the grid, and the Usolar, Isolar and Psolar of the PV.

b) Language: This inverter provides several languages for customer to choose.

c) Settings: Entering the installer password, the information of the LCD interface is shown in the previous page.

(1) Safety: The user can set the right safety standard here.

(2) Grid: Usually end user do not need to set the grid parameters.

If you need to reset, any changes should comply with the requirement of local grid.

| Parameter       | Comment                                  |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------|
| Para            |                                          |
| O/V Stage1      | Slow overvoltage point                   |
| U/V Stage1      | Slow undervoltage point                  |
| O/V Stage2      | Rapid overvoltage point                  |
| U/V Stage2      | Rapid undervoltage point                 |
| O/V Stage3      | Stage-3 rapid overvoltage point          |
| U/V Stage3      | Stage-3 rapid undervoltage point         |
| O/V 10min En    | 10 min average overvoltage enabled       |
| O/V 10min Set   | 10 min average overvoltage setting value |
| O/F Stage1      | Slow overfrequency point                 |
| U/F Stage1      | Slow underfrequency point                |
| O/F Stage2      | Rapid overfrequency point                |
| U/F Stage1      | Rapid underfrequency point               |
| FreqROCOF       | Rate of frequency change                 |
| T_Start         | Self-test time                           |
| H/LVRT Function | High/low voltage ride enabled            |
| Frt_EnterVoltDn | Entry value of low voltage ride through  |
| Qu_3Tau         | Reactive step response time constant     |
| Pu_3Tau         | Active step response time constant       |
| VacOVP1stTime   | Stage-1 overvoltage protection time      |
| VacOVP2ndTime   | Stage-2 overvoltage protection time      |
| VacOVP3rdTime   | Stage-3 overvoltage protection time      |
| VacUVP1stTime   | Stage-1 undervoltage protection time     |
| VacUVP2ndTime   | Stage-2 undervoltage protection time     |
| VacUVP3rdTime   | Stage-3 undervoltage protection time     |
| FacOFP1stTime   | Stage-1 overfrequency protection time    |
| FacOFP2ndTime   | Stage-2 overfrequency protection time    |
| FacUFP1stTime   | Stage-1 underfrequency protection time   |
| FacUFP2ndTime   | Stage-2 underfrequency protection time   |
| ReConnectTime   | Reconnect time                           |
| CosP_Tau3       | Power factor step response time constant |
| Frt_EnterVoltUp | Entry value of high voltage ride through |

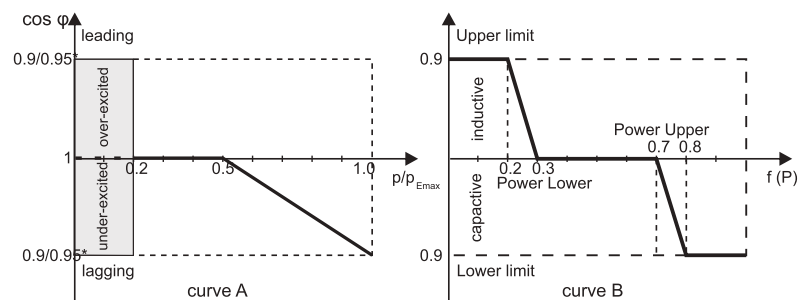
(3) Power Factor: (For specific country if required by the local grid.)  
There are 6 modes for selecting: Off, Under-Excited, Over-Excited, PF (p),  
Q (u).

All parameters are shown below.

| Mode          | Comment        |
|---------------|----------------|
| Off           |                |
| Under excited | PF Value       |
| Over excited  | PF Value       |
| PF(p)         | PowerFactor1   |
|               | PowerFactor2   |
|               | PowerFactor3   |
|               | PowerFactor4   |
|               | PowerRatio1    |
|               | PowerRatio2    |
|               | PowerRatio3    |
|               | PowerRatio4    |
|               | EntryVolt      |
|               | ExitVolt       |
| Q(u)          | QPowerLockEn   |
|               | QuLockIn       |
|               | QuLockOut      |
|               | QuGridV1/2/3/4 |
| Fixed Q Power | QuRatio1/2/3/4 |
|               | Q Power        |

For VDE 4105, curve  $\cos \varphi = f(P)$  should refer to curve A. The default setting values are as shown in curve A.

For TOR, curve  $\cos \varphi = f(P)$  should refer to curve B. default values of setting are as shown in curve B.



## 7 Troubleshooting

### 7.1 Troubleshooting

This section contains information and procedures for solving possible problems with the inverters, and provides you with troubleshooting tips to identify and solve most problems that could occur with the inverters.

This section will help you narrow down the source of any problems you may encounter. Please read the following troubleshooting steps.

Check warnings or fault messages on System Control Panel or Fault codes on the inverter information panel. If a message is displayed, record it before doing anything further.

Attempt the solution indicated in troubleshooting lists.

If your inverter's information panel is not displaying a Fault light, check the following list to make sure that the present state of the installation allows proper operation of the unit.

- Is the inverter located in a clean, dry, adequately ventilated place?
- Have the DC input breakers been opened?
- Are the cables adequately sized and short enough?
- Are the input and output connections and wiring in good condition?
- Are the configurations settings correct for your particular installation?
- Are the display panel and the communications cable properly connected and undamaged?

Contact our Customer Service for further assistance. Please be prepared to describe details of your system installation and provide model and serial number of the unit.

| Code                             | Faults           | Diagnosis and solution                                                                                                                                                                        |
|----------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IE:00001                         | TzFault          | Over Current Fault.<br>-Wait for about 10 seconds to check if the inverter is back to normal.<br>-Disconnect the DC switch and restart the inverter.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.         |
| IE:00002                         | GridLostFault    | Grid Lost Fault.<br>-Check if the mains cable is loose.<br>-Wait for a while and the system will reconnect when the utility is back to normal.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.               |
| IE:00003<br>IE:00004<br>IE:00005 | GridVoltFault    | Grid Voltage Out of Range.<br>-Check if the mains cable is loose.<br>-Wait for a while and the system will reconnect when the utility is back to normal.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.     |
| IE:00006<br>IE:00007<br>IE:00008 | GridFreqFault    | Grid Frequency Out of Range.<br>-Wait for a while and the system will reconnect when the utility is back to normal.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                          |
| IE:00009                         | PVVoltFault      | PV Voltage Fault.<br>-Check whether the PV is overvoltage.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                                                                   |
| IE:00010<br>IE:00051<br>IE:00052 | BusVoltFault     | DC Bus Voltage Out of Normal Range.<br>-Check if the PV input voltage is within the operating range of the inverter.<br>-Disconnect PV wiring and reconnect.<br>-Or consult us for solutions. |
| IE:00012                         | GridVolt10MFault | Grid Overvoltage for Ten Minutes Fault.<br>-The system will reconnect when the utility is back to normal.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                    |
| IE:00013                         | DclnJOCp         | DCI Overcurrent Protection Fault.<br>-Wait for a while to check if the inverter is back to normal.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                           |
| IE:00034                         | HardLimitFault   | Hard Limit Fault (in Australian standard).<br>-Wait for a while to check if the inverter is back to normal.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                  |
| IE:00018<br>IE:00019             | ResidualOCP      | Overcurrent Protection Fault.<br>-Check the connections of the inverter.<br>-Wait for a while to check if the inverter is back to normal.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                    |
| IE:00020                         | IsoFault         | Isolation Fault.<br>-Check the connections of the inverter.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                                                                  |
| IE:00021                         | OverTempFault    | Over Temperature Fault.<br>-Check if the inverter and the ambient temperature exceeds the operating range.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                   |
| IE:00055                         | EarthFault       | Earth Fault.<br>-Check if the earth is connected properly<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                                                                    |

| Code                                         | Faults           | Diagnosis and solution                                                                                                                                                               |
|----------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| IE:00029                                     | LowTempFault     | Low Temperature Fault.<br>-Check if the ambient temperature is too low.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                                             |
| IE:00036                                     | InternalComFault | Internal Communication Fault.<br>-Restart the inverter to check if it is back to normal.<br>-Update the ARM software or return the program.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.         |
| IE:00037                                     | EepromFault      | DSP EEPROM Fault.<br>-Disconnect PV wiring and reconnect.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                                                           |
| IE:00038                                     | RcDeviceFault    | Residual Current Device Fault.<br>-Restart the inverter.<br>-Update the ARM software or return the program.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                         |
| IE:00041<br>IE:00042<br>IE:00043<br>IE:00044 | PVConnDirFault   | PV Direction Fault.<br>-Check if the PV+/- sides are connected correctly.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                                           |
| IE:00039<br>IE:00056                         | GridRelayFault   | Relay Fault.<br>-Check the grid connection.<br>-Restart the inverter.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                                               |
| ME:00103                                     | Mgr EEPROM Fault | ARM EEPROM Fault.<br>-Disconnect PV and grid, then reconnect.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                                                       |
| ME:00105                                     | Meter Fault      | Meter Fault.<br>-Check the connection of the meter.<br>-Check if the meter is in working order.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                     |
| ME:00101                                     | PowerTypeFault   | Power Type Fault.<br>-Check the version of ARM and DSP.<br>-Check the product SN number.<br>-Or consult us for solutions.                                                            |
| ME00104                                      | Mgr Comm Fault   | Mgr InterCom Fault<br>-Shut down photovoltaic, battery and grid, reconnect.<br>-Or ask for help from the installer if it can not return to normal .                                  |
| IE:00016                                     | SW OCP Fault     | Software Overcurrent Protection Fault.<br>-Wait for a while to check if the inverter is back to normal.<br>-Disconnect PV and grid, then reconnect.<br>-Or consult us for solutions. |

## 7.2 Routine Maintenance

Inverters do not need any maintenance or correction in most condition, but if the inverter often loses power due to overheating, this can be the following reason:

The cooling fins on the rear of house are covered by dirt.  
Clean the cooling fins with a soft dry cloth or brush if necessary.  
Only trained and authorized professional personnel who are familiar with the requirements of safety were allowed to perform servicing and maintenance work.

### Safety checks

Safety checks should be performed at least every 12 months by manufacturer's qualified person who has adequate training, knowledge, and practical experience to perform these tests. The data should be recorded in an equipment log. If the device is not functioning properly or fails any of test, the device has to be repaired. For safety check details, refer to this manual, section 2 Safety instruction and EC Directives.

### Maintain periodically

Only qualified person may perform the following works.  
During the process of using the inverter, the manage person shall examine and maintain the machine regularly. The concrete operations are as follows.

- 1) Check that if the cooling fins on the rear of house are covered by dirt, and the machine should be cleaned and absorbed dust when necessary. This work shall be check time to time.
- 2) Check that if the indicators of the inverter are in normal state, check if the keys of the inverter are in normal state, check if the display of the inverter is normal. This check should be performed at least every 6 months.
- 3) Check that if the input and output wires are damaged or aged. This check should be performed at least every 6 months.
- 4) You should get the inverter panels cleaned and their security checked at least every 6 months.

## 8 Decommissioning

### 8.1 Power off the inverter

- Turn off the AC breaker of the inverter system
- Turn off the DC switch of the inverter system
- Wait for 5 minutes for de-energizing
- Measure the AC voltage, and ensure that the inverter is power-off before you perform subsequent operations.



#### WARNING!

Before dismantling the inverter, please be sure to disconnect the DC switch, and then unplug the PV and AC cables, otherwise it will lead to an electric shock hazard.

Do not touch any inner live parts until for at least 10 minutes after disconnecting the inverter from the utility grid and the PV input.

### 8.2 Dismantling the inverter

- Disconnect the AC output and then the DC input, communication and other cables
- Remove the inverter from the bracket
- Remove the bracket if necessary

### 8.3 Packaging

If possible, please pack the inverter with the original packaging.

If it is no longer available, you can also use an equivalent carton that meets the following requirements.

- Suitable for loads more than 30 kg.
- With handle.
- Can be fully closed.

### 8.4 Storage and Transportation

Store the inverter in dry place where ambient temperatures are always between -25 °C - +60 °C. Take care of the inverter during the storage and transportation.

When the inverter or other related components need to be disposed. Have it carried out according to local waste handling regulations. Please be sure to deliver wasted inverters and packing materials to certain site, which can assist relevant department to dispose and recycle.

## 9 Disclaimer

This limited warranty applies to products sold after date of 1st Jan 2022, and sold through our company or authorized resellers. The defective parts or units replaced under a warranty claim become our properties, and must be returned to us or Authorized Cooperated Partners (distributors) for inspection with the original or equivalent packaging.

The product is not covered by warranty in the following cases:

- The product is out of the warranty period;
- Product failure is not reported to us within one month of appearance;
- Failed to comply with our installation manual or maintenance instructions for the inverter or accessory;
- Failed to comply with the safety rules and regulations in respect of the inverter or accessory;
- The inverter or accessory is damaged during transportation but the claimant has signed the delivery receipt (which requests the claimant to double check the outside & inside of the package and take pictures as evidence before signing the delivery receipt);
- The replaced products have not been returned to us or cooperated partners (distributors) within 30 days;
- The defect is caused by improper usage of the product or failure to comply with the usage of the product for purposes other than those for which the product was designed or intended;
- The product is moved for any reason after it has been installed (regardless of whether it has been reinstalled subsequently or moved back to the same location) unless it is reinstalled at the same address by a qualified installer who has provided a test report to our company.
- The damage or defect is caused by lightning, flood, fire, power surge, corrosion, pest damage, actions of a third-party, or any other force majeure factors;
- The damage or defect is caused by embedded or external software or hardware (eg. the devices to control the inverters or the devices to control battery charging or discharging) from third

parties without authorization (agreement in writing) from our company;

K. The product is modified or altered (including the cases in which the product series number or product label is altered, removed, or defaced);

L. Flaws (eg. any external scratch or stain, or nature material wearing which does not represent a defect) that do not adversely affect the proper functioning of the inverter or accessory

M. Normal wear or tear;

N. Travel and subsistence expenses as well as on-site installation, modification and normal maintenance costs;

O. Duties, import/export fees or costs and other general administrative costs;

The substitute inverter or accessory with technical improvement may not be entirely compatible with the remaining components of the photovoltaic system. The costs incurred as a consequence will not be covered by the warranty or extended warranty.

Furthermore, all other costs including but not limited to compensation from direct or indirect damages arising from the defective device or other facilities of the PV system, or loss of power generated during the product downtime are not covered by this warranty. In any other case, whether in contract, tort, or otherwise, the maximum compensation for customer losses caused by its faults shall not exceed the amount paid by the customer for the purchase of the equipment.

## Warranty Registration Form



### For Customer (Compulsory)

Name ..... Country .....

Phone Number ..... Email .....

Address .....

State ..... Zip Code .....

Product Serial Number .....

Date of Commissioning .....

Installation Company Name .....

Installer Name ..... Electrician License No. ....

### For Installer

#### Module ( If Any )

Module Brand .....

Module Size(W) .....

Number of String ..... Number of Panel Per String .....

#### Battery ( If Any )

Battery Type .....

Brand .....

Number of Battery Attached .....

Date of Delivery ..... Signature .....

